

# Ancestors of Sarah Henley

---

## Generation 1

1. **Sarah Henley**<sup>1-2</sup>, daughter of John Henley and Keziah Nixon, was born on 18 Dec 1799 in North Carolina<sup>3-5</sup>. She died on 14 Dec 1885 in Randolph County, NC<sup>6-9</sup>. She married **Harlen Bolden Hale** on 02 Mar 1835 in Randolph, North Carolina<sup>10-12</sup>. He was born on 08 Apr 1799 in Randolph Co., NC<sup>3, 13</sup>. He died on 06 May 1853 in Asheboro, Randolph Co., NC<sup>14</sup>.

Notes for Sarah Henley:

These are the Family Tree Maker Notes Pages of Lyford Hale (lyfordhale at icloud dot com):

There is no doubt that the Hale-Henley family line traces down through John and Keziah Nixon Henley to Harlen and Sarah Henley Hale. **The big question is who were John Henley's parents?** I believe they were Jesse Henly and Ann Crew. (Many records drop an "e" in Henley, making it Henly). The problem is deciding how accurate the Dawes testimony is versus Quaker and other public records. Even with the documents we have there are significant gaps of information that require further research. There's also the question of Ann Crew being born an Elmore and adopted into the Crew family, plus rumors of an Indian Princess. But, let's stick to what we can prove, not what we think happened.

Harlen and Sarah -- Their death dates are found in the records of Back Creek Monthly Meeting, Randolph County, North Carolina, page 75. (Hinshaw, Ency. Amer Quaker Geneal., page 698) Same for records of their children.

1799 - Sara Henley born

LH observed the following on Sarah's headstone, in the graveyard across the street from Back Creek MM house, when visiting on 23 Sept 1998: "Sarah wife of Harlen B. Hale\*\* Born 12th mo 18th 1799 died 12th mo 14th 1885." She is buried to the right of Harlen, but in between them is the large headstone of Dr. Barney Nixon. Sarah is 3.5 feet to the right of Nixon. I never liked Nixon.

1835 - Hinshaw, page 716:

Sarah (form Henley) rpd mou 5-27-1835

Sarah Hale (formerly Henley) rrd mou., 1845, 7, 30, page 716

1845 -- Harlan B rec rq --- This Hinshaw record, page 716, indicates Harlan was finally accepted into Quakers on 7-30-1845.

1845-46 -- From the monthly meeting records:

Harlen Hale received by request 7-30-1845.

Jane, Edward H., Mary, Nancy and Samuel received on request of parents Harlen and Sarah, 5-27-1846

1850 -- Hinshaw, page 544: Sarah J. Henley 1850, 12, 25 gct Back Creek MM.

1850 -- US Federal Census shows Sarah's brother Jesse Henley is farming next to her & Harlen

Marriages of Hale children:

2-18-1857 Jane married Alen H. McDaniel

5-11-1861 Nancy P Kearnes (Hale) dismissed for marriage out of unity

9-10-1864 Mary Winslow (Hale) dismissed for marriage out of unity

9-9-1865 Edward got certificate to Springfield MM Douglas Co, Kansas

6-8-1867 Samuel got certificate to Springfield MM NC to marry Mary Ann Hill

1860 -- US Fed Census shows Sarah is near her brother Nixon Henley and his family.

1885 -- Sarah Henley died

---

1886 - Edward Hale files application with Dawes Commission to be recognized as a member of the Cherokee nation.

1902 -- Edward Hale requested certificate to Indianapolis MM Ind. 9-13-1902

### **Who were Sarah Henley's ancestors?**

A copy of the sworn testimony submitted by the Hales in 1886 as they attempted to prove Cherokee heritage to the Federally appointed Dawes Commission was obtained by LH from the NARA/Federal Records Center, Fort Worth, TX, 1 Feb 1999.

Using the testimony of "half-breed" Cherokees Cyntha Scarlett of Randolph County, NC, and Nancy Beckerdite, they claimed Cherokee blood for the Hale applicants, a heritage that came from Sarah Henley, daughter of John Henley. Cyntha was 95 in 1886. She said she knew Sarah Henley Hale to be "a person of Cherokee Indian descent, who was born in Randolph County and State of North Carolina in the year A.D. 1799 and died in Randolph County on the 14th day of December, A.D. 1885."

Scarlett testified that she was well acquainted with this said Sarah Hale from the year A.D. 1802 until the date of her death; that the said Sarah Hale was the daughter of one John Henly, a Half Breed Cherokee Indian who it is said was born on the Cherokee Indian reservation East of Mississippi River in the year A.D. 1767 and died in Randolph County and State of North Carolina in the year A.D. 1842.

That she was well acquainted with the said John Henly in his life time from the year A.D. 1802 until the date of death of the said John Henly as aforesaid that the said John Henly was a son of one Sarah Henly whose maiden name was Sarah Elmore a Cherokee Indian woman who it is said was born on the Cherokee Indian Reservation East of the Mississippi River and died in Randolph County and State of North Carolina in the year A.D. 1813.

That she was well acquainted with the said Sarah Henly in her life time from the year AD 1802 until the date of her death; that the said Sarah Henly was a Cherokee Indian woman and a recognized member of the Cherokee tribe of Indians in her life time. That she was well acquainted with one Mary Winslow in her life time that the said Mary Winslow was a person of Cherokee Indian descent and was born in Randolph County and State of North Carolina on the 26th Day of January A.D. 1840 and died in Cleveland County and State of North Carolina on the 24th Day of March A.D. 1876 and was the daughter of the said Sarah Hale as aforesaid that the said Mary Winslow was a Sister to the said Jane McDaniel, Edward H. Hale and Samuel H. Hale as aforesaid witness. Further testimony from Nancy Beckerdite Briles, mother-in-law of Priscilla Hale, stated the same "facts."

**LH Note:** The problem we have is that I have been unable to verify the testimony of Scarlett and Briles. I can't even link a Cyntha (or Cynthia) Scarlett to our Hales in historical records and have not yet documented that Nancy Beckerdite Briles had Native American heritage.

### **Possibilities for Cyntha:**

Cyntha was 95 in 1886, meaning she was born circa 1791. We need a Cynthia Scarlett born circa 1791 and living in NC circa 1886, but Scarlett was probably her married name.

1755 - 1799 -- Early Tax Records, ORANGE COUNTY, North Carolina - CENSUS

1779 S643 SCARLETT James N/A N/A N/A Tax Roll

1779 S643 SCARLETT James Jr. N/A N/A N/A Tax Roll

1779 S643 SCARLETT John N/A N/A N/A Tax Roll

1779 S643 SCARLETT John Jr. N/A N/A N/A Tax Roll

1779 S643 SCARLETT Mary N/A N/A N/A Tax Roll

These "Tax Records" were copied from the North Carolina Division of Archives & History, 109 East Jones Street, Raleigh, NC. 2761 by: Paul R. Sarrett, Jr. prsjr@aol.com

1790 -- Orange Co NC marriage records to 1825, Ancestry.com, show Cynthia Allen married to

---

John Scarlett, Jan 16, 1790 in Orange Co. and Lidia Lewis married James Scarlett Jan 21, 1790, also in Orange Co. One of these couples could be Cynthia's parents, if she never married.

1798 - Either two Cynthia Allens married two John Scarletts or one of these records (above and here) has a wrong date.

Search Terms: CYNTHIA (273), ALLEN (2938)  
Database: North Carolina Marriage Bonds, 1741-1868  
Combined Matches: 1  
North Carolina Marriage Bonds, 1741-1868  
Bride: Cynthia Allen  
Groom: John Scarlett  
Bond Date: 16 Jan 1798  
County: Orange  
Record #: 02 358  
Bondsman: Stephen Scarlet  
Witness: Jno Taylor  
Bond #: 000100667

1799 -- From LDS records, Synthia Scarlett, daughter of Stephen and Sally, born in Orange Co, NC about 1799- could this person be related to woman in above records? Was Scarlett a married name? This one appears to be about 8 years too young.

Scarletts from 1819 to 1822:

Orange County NC Marriage Bonds

Groom	Bride	Date of Bond	Bondsman & witness
Scarlett, James	Hannah Allen	17 Nov. 1890	Wm. whitted
Scarlett, John	Delilah Laycock	19 Jan. 1819	John Scarett [w] Jos. A. woods
Scarlett, John	Sally Laycock	17 Feb. 1819	Stephen Scarlett Jos. A. woods
Dunnagan, Charles	Jinney Scarlett	13 Dec. 1819	William Cated [w] Jos. A. Woods
Horton, James	Nancy Scarlett	5 Aug. 1822	J. Taylor, Jr
James, William	Cynthia Scarlett	28 Nov. 1821	Levi cole [w] Jos. A. woods
Laycock, Joseph	Elizabeth Scarlett	30 Dec. 1820	John Scarlett [w] Jos. A. woods
Lynch, William	Racheal Scarlet	28 May 1822	William James

1806 -- Orange NC Will Book D-178

Will of Jacob Allen Sr: 13 Jan 1806 / Nov Ct 1806

Son: Jacob Allen, land on s side of Eno River

Son: William Allen, land on n side of Eno River

Dau: Sally Allen, Betsy Allen, Hannah Allen, Nancy Latta, Cynthia Scarlett,

Exr: Son in law James Latta, son Jacob Allen

Wit: WILLIAM CAIN SR, John Kelley Sr, Cuthbert (x) Burton.

1817 -- Orange NC Will Book D-510

Will of Stephen Scarlett; 06 Jul 1817 / Aug 1817

Wife: Sally

Dau: Rachel & Synthia Scarlett (unmarried)

Sons: James Scarlett (youngest), John Scarlett (eldest)

Daus: ELIZABETH CAIN, Mary Latta, Sally Latta, Jane Latta, Susanna Cole, Rachel Scarlett, Synthia Scarlett.

Exr: Wife Sally and son James

Wit: William Lewis, Henry Bunch, Abraham (x) Crabtree

Stephen was married to Sally Jackson. Stephen was born circa 1749 at North Carolina, British Colony. He was the son of John Scarlett. Stephen died circa 1817 at North Carolina, USA.

Stephen had his will probated August 1817.

Children of Stephen Scarlett and Sally Jackson include:

Rachael Scarlett

Synthia Scarlett

James Scarlett

---

John Scarlett  
Elizabeth Scarlett  
Sally Scarlett  
Jane Scarlett+  
Susannah Scarlett  
Mary Scarlett+ b. 24 Sep 1784, d. a 1827

1821 - This one is a possibility, but why wouldn't her married name be used in the Dawes testimony?

Search Terms: SCARLETT (68), CYNTHIA (273)  
Database: North Carolina Marriage Bonds, 1741-1868  
Combined Matches: 1  
North Carolina Marriage Bonds, 1741-1868  
Bride: Cynthia Scarlett  
Groom: William James  
Bond Date: 28 Nov 1821  
County: Orange  
Record #: 04 020  
Bondsman: Levi Cole  
Witness: Jos A Woods  
Bond #: 000102791

1840 -- Orange County, NC - Census

Date	SNDX	L Name	F Name	NARS	StR	Pg#	Family Grp.
1840	S643	SCARLET	Margaret	M-704	3 67	191	Northern Division
1840	S643	SCARLET	Stephen	M-704	367 176		Northern Division
1840	S643	SCARLET	Page	M-704	367 217		Southern Division
1840	S643	SCARLOTT	Cythia	M-704	367 250		Southern Division
1840	S643	SCARLOTT	James	M-704	367 215		Southern Division
1840	S643	SCARLOTT	Moses	M-704	367 217		Southern Division
1840	S643	SCARLOTT	Thomas	M-704	367 250		Southern Division
1840	S643	SCARLOTT	William	M-704	367 248		Southern Division
1840	S633	SCARTOTT	James	M-704	367 215		Southern Division

1847 - Note sure who this is. Could be Cynthia Allen Scarlett remarrying, which would seem to rule her out as the person we're looking for.

Search Terms: CYNTHIA (154), ALLEN (325)  
Database: Encyclopedia of American Quaker Genealogy, Vol. 4  
Combined Matches: 1  
Encyclopedia of American Quaker Genealogy: Ohio  
[p.605] RECORDS  
page 659  
1847, 2, 11. Cynthia (from Allen) dis mou

Notes for Harlen Bolden Hale:

These are the Family Tree Maker Notes Pages of Lyford Hale (lyfordhale at icloud dot com):

**Harlen with an "e" is the correct spelling of his name.** I have a copy of Harlen's will. While at the North Carolina State Archives, I was able to hold the original document in my hands. The person who wrote the will for him misspelled his name as Harlan, but he signed it in his own hand as Harlen. Some records spell his name with an "i," Harlin.

Harlen was about 30 when his father died. He became a Quaker -- or at least was received by Back Creek MM -- 10 years after his marriage.

1828 Tax List, Randolph Co, p27: Capt. Cooper's District  
Harlin Hale - shows no land, no location, but one white poll

1833 -- From the Randolph Co, NC Genealogical Journal, Fall 1995, page 39:  
Abstract of "Settlement with Guardians" Randolph Co., NC 1833-1840 Book 2

---

Transcribed by Carolyn Neely Hager:

Page 3 -- 1833 court term

Harlen B. Hale in acct with his wards (his siblings) , June Hale Jur...Polly Hale...Eli Hale...Priscilla Hale...Minor heirs of Samuel Hale, dec'd.

1835 -- Harlen B. Hale married Sarah Henly 2 Mar 1835. Bondsman: Michael Reding.  
Witness: Hugh McCain. This from North Randolph Hist. Soc. The Quarterly, Winter 70 Vol 4 No 4, page 156

1835 -- Ancestry.com

Database: North Carolina Marriage Bonds, 1741-1868

Bride: Sarah Henly

Groom: Harlen B Hale

Bond Date: 02 Mar 1835 (Was the actual marriage day the 5th, as some records show?)

County: Randolph

Record #: 01 103

Bondsman: Michael Reding

Witness: Hugh McCain

Bond #: 000111976

1835 -- A photocopy of a document signed by Harlen B. Hale is in Randolph Room of Asheboro/Randolph Public Library. Signed Feb 18, 1835. Court Document:  
"Whereas at Fall Term A.D. 1835 of Randolph Court of Equity Harlen B. Hale, Joshua Pool and Nancy his wife, Jacob Hale, James Davis and his wife Ruth, Warner Davis and Jane his wife, John Briles & Priscilla his wife, Eli Hale a minor by Harlen B Hale his guardian and Addison Kendal & Cynthia Kendal by their father Nathan Kendal filed their petition for this sale of a certain tract of land hereinafter described sd. land having descended to said petitioners as the heirs at Law of Mary Hale deceased the said Mary Hale being seized and possessed of said tract of land at the time of her death and upon the petition aforesaid the Court of Equity aforesaid at the same Term ordered the undersigned Harlen B Hale being one of the petitioners to Expose said tract of land to \_\_\_ at auction in pursuance of \_\_\_ said decree the said land was sold on a \_\_\_ of \_\_\_ months on the 28th day of November 1835. When Warner Davis became the purchaser at the sum of one hundred and fifty dollars and entered bond with surety as required by said Court made a \_\_\_ order \_\_\_ ing said Harlen B Hale to \_\_\_ to collect said money as soon as should fall due and upon the payment of the sum to make a deed to the said purchaser and the said Warner Davis having paid to me the said one hundred & fifty dollars therefore this \_\_\_ that for and on consumation (?) of the promises and in obedience of said decree I the said Harlen B Hale have \_\_\_ granted & sold & by these presents do \_\_\_ grant and sell to this said \_\_\_.

1837 -- General Index to RE Conveyances, Randolph Co shows Harlen being deeded 25 acres from John Henley in 1837 - probably is father-in-law. Other Harlen Hale transactions:

1831 200 acres from Jacob Hale

1831 28 acres from Nancy Hale

1831 162 acres from James and Ruth Davis

1835 548 acres from Hiram Kenny et al

1835 548 acres Jos Brown (estate)

1836 1 acre from Joseph Cosand

1853 161 acres from Jos Pool

1846 106 acres from Chas W. Clary

Hinshaw, Back Creek, from the Monthly Meeting Minutes:

7-30-1845 Harlen B. Hale, received by request.

5-27-1846 Jane, Edward H., Mary, Nancy & Samuel H received on request of parents, Harlen B and Sarah Hale.

2-11-1857 (check this date) Jane, daughter of Harlen and Sarah, Randolph Co, married Alen H. McDaniel (This wedding is described in the Back Creek Bicentennial book -- LH)

5-11-1861 Nancy P Kearnes (formerly Hale) dismissed for marriage out of unity.

9-10-1864 Mary Winslow (formerly Hale) dismissed for marriage out of unity.

9-9-1865 Edward H. got certificate to Springfield M.M. Douglas Co., Kansas.

6-8-1867 Samuel H. got certificate to Springfield M.M. NC to marry Mary Ann Hill (Hill was a very prominent family - there is much in the books about Samuel Hill and family -- LH).

---

9-13-1902 Edward, request certificate to Indianapolis M.M., Ind. This was evidently a son of Samuel H.

1850 US Federal Census lists him as a farmer, in Southern Division, Randolph Co, NC

1853 -- From the Records of Back Creek Monthly Meeting, Randolph Co., NC, page 75, Birth and Death Records:

Harlen Bolden Hale d 5-6-1853 Sarah Hale d 12-14-1885

### **Will -- 1853**

The original is in the North Carolina State Archives, Raleigh, NC. It was transcribed by LH from the actual handwritten will of HARLEN (Harlin) B. Hale, 9-29-1998 (this will was not written by Harlen, but was signed by him in a shaky hand. It is obvious that he spelled his named with an "e" but the writer misspelled it with an "i":

"I Harlin B. Hale of the County of Randolph and State of North Carolina being of sound mind and memory, but considering the uncertainty of my earthly existence do make and declare this my last will and testament in manner and form following to say first that my executrix (herein after named) shall provide for my body a decent burial suitable to the wishes of my relations and friends and pay all my funeral expenses. Together with my (last ?) debts whosoever and to whomsoever owing out of the monies that may first come into her hands as a part or parcel of my estate ----

Item, I give and devise to my beloved wife Sarah, all my crop, stock, and provisions on hand, and all my lands. This to be a legacy to her so long as she remains my widow. To be disposed of by her and to divide amongst my children as she may think best with the advice of her friends, and she shall have power to dispose of at public or private sale any property that she may wish for the purpose of educating my children. --

Item. My silver watch, all my household and kitchen furniture I give to my wife for the use of her self and children, all my farming tools I give to my wife for her proper use and benefit, and I further authorize my wife to collect all my outstanding debts. \_\_\_ me. For her use and disposition.

And lastly I do hereby constitute and appoint my beloved wife Sarah Executrix of this my last will and testament. In testimony I have here unto affixed my hand and seal this 7th day of January A.D. 1853. Signed sealed and published and declared in the presence of John Craven and Nixon Henley."

Signed Harlen B Hale. (This spelling of Harlen, in his own hand)

On back side of the will is this: "North Carolina Court of Pleas and Quarter \_\_\_\_  
Randolph County August Term 1853

"This last will and testament of Harlen B Hale deceased, is produced in open Court and the due execution thereof being found by John A Craven and Nixon Henley, the sub \_\_\_\_ witnesses thereto, said will is admitted to probate and ordered to be recorded. B. T? Hoover, Clerk."

Harlen's headstone is in the Back Creek Cemetery, across the street from the Back Creek Meeting House (Pastor was Ray Lambe, as of 1998). Headstone reads: " Harlen B. Hale, 6th of 5th mo 1853. Aged 54 years 1 mo & 2 days." This was viewed by LH on 9-23-98. Harlen's grave is about 14 feet directly left of the large headstone of Dr. Barney Nixon. Back Creek is about three miles west of Asheboro, just a block off Highway 64.

### **Needs follow-up**

Follow up to find out where the "Bolden" came from. Most likely, Bolden is in honor of Harlen's maternal side of the family. His mother was Jane Baldwin, a name that was sometimes spelled "Bolden."

Dawes Roll or Index?? lists a Joe Ellis Bolden, Cherokee. An old Family Tree Maker CD of Delaware and Maryland marriages has a Jane Bolden. There are Boldens in Orange Co, which is next to Randolph.

---

---

## Generation 2

2. **John Henley**<sup>15-17</sup>, son of Jesse Henly and Ann Crew, was born on 27 Dec 1766 in Rowan County, NC<sup>9, 18-19</sup>. He died on Prior to Feb 24 1834 in Back Creek, Randolph Co, NC (Hales said he died 1842.). He married **Keziah Nixon** on 21 Sep 1788 in Little River MH, Perquimans NC<sup>3, 20-22</sup>.
3. **Keziah Nixon**<sup>15, 23-24</sup>, daughter of Phineas Nixon I and Mary Pierce, was born on 18 Mar 1760 in Perquimans Co, NC<sup>25</sup>. She died on 10 Apr 1844 in Randolph Co, NC<sup>11, 26</sup>.

Notes for John Henley:

These are the Family Tree notes of Lyford Hale. Contact: lyfordhale at icloud dot com

Note that six of John and Keziah Nixon Henley's children are named after parents and grandparents: Nixon, John, Jesse, Sarah, Phineas and Mary. Too bad they didn't also use Great Grandparent names and make our research easier!

**Sworn Dawes Commission testimony** submitted in 1886 by Edward Henley Hale is that this John Henley was "a half breed Cherokee Indian who was born on the Cherokee Indian reservation East of Mississippi River in the year A.D. 1767 and died in Randolph County and State of North Carolina in the year AD 1842. Said John Henly was a son of one Sarah Henly Whose maiden name was Sarah Elmore a Cherokee Indian woman who it is said was born on the Cherokee Indian reservation East of the Mississippi River and died in Randolph County and State of North Carolina in the year AD 1813 ..."

**For more about this and the women who testified on behalf of the Hales, see the Sarah Henley and Ann Crew notes sections. Note that no one has yet verified the Dawes Commission testimony submitted by Ed Hale, though some of us have tried for decades.**

1760 - From Hinshaw's Quaker Genealogy, Vol 1: Spouse Keziah Nixon was born 18 March 1760, birth place Perquimans County, North Carolina. Death Date 10 April 1844, age: 84. Death place Randolph County, North Carolina. Page 700 of Hinshaw's Quaker Genealogy, Vol I, Back Creek Monthly Meeting, Randolph County, North Carolina, records the date of Keziah (Nixon) Henley's death.

1788 -- Hinshaw lists their marriage date as 21 September 1788. Marriage place: Little River Meeting House, Pasquotank County, North Carolina.

1788-1802 -- Page 700 of Vol 1, Hinshaw shows John Henley and Keziah Henley having 7 kids from 1789 to 1802. Pages 784 and 814 show a John Henley marrying Susanna Hubbard at this same time.

**These are two different John Henley's. Both had daughters named Sarah born about the same time. John & Susanna's daughter died in 1825. Don't confuse the two, as do some posted on-line trees.**

Hinshaw: John (Henley), son of Jesse, Randolph Co, married Keziah Nixon, at Little River Meeting House

Keziah requested certificate from Center MM, removed by marriage

Children, as per Hinshaw

Mary, 5968, F (1789-)

Nixon, 5426, M (1791-1870)

John, 5969, M (1793-)

Jesse, 5970, M (1794-)

Rebekah, 5971, F (1797-)

Sarah, 5972, F (1799-)

Phinehas, 5973, M (1802-1883)

1788 -- The following record provides more detail (spelling as per the document):

MARRIAGE OF JOHN HENLEY AND KEZIA NIXON

U.S. Quaker Meetings Records, 1681-1994 - Page 79 - CAPITALIZATION AND SPELLING AS PER THE ORIGINAL --Symons Creek Monthly Meeting, Pasquotank, North Carolina:

North Carolina PerQ. County - Whereas John Henley Son of Jesse Henley of the County of

---

Randolf and Keziah Nixon Daughter of Phinehas Nixon Deceased and Mary Nixon of the County of Perquimons; Having Publicly declared their Intentions of taking each other in Marriage before several meetings of the People Called Quakers in the County of Pasquotank; According to the good order used among them, Whose Proceedings therein, after A Deliberate Consideration thereof (with Regard unto the Righteous Law of God, and Example of this people Recorded in the Scriptures of Truth in that Case) were approved of by the said Meetings, they appearing Clear of all others and having Consent of Parents and Relations Concerned \_\_\_\_\_.

Now these are to Certifie all whom it may Concern, That for the Accomplishing of their Said Intention, this twenty first day of the Ninth Month in the Year One thousand Seven hundred and Eighty Nine, John Henley and Kezia Nixon Appeared in a Publick Assembly of the Aforesaid People and Others met together in the County of Perq. In their Publick Meeting place at Little River, and in a Solemn Manor, he the Said John Henley taking \_\_\_\_\_ Kezia Nixon by the hand, did Openly Declare as followeth, Friends You are My witnesses that I do take this my friend Kezia Nixon to be my Wife, Promising Through Devine Assistance to be to her a true and loving Husband till Death Separate us, or words to the Effect.

And then another in the Said Assembly the Kezia Nixon did in like manor declare as followeth, Friends you are my witnesses that I do take this my friend John Henley to be my husband, Promising through Divine Assistance to be to him a true and loving Wife till Death Separate us, or word to that Effect and the John Henley and Kezia Henley as a farther Confirmation thereof, did then and there, to those Presents Set their Hands, and we whose names are hereunto Subscribed, beings present amongst others at the Solemonizing of the above Said Marriage and Subscription in Manner Aforsaid, As Witnesses thereunto, have also these presents Subscribed our Names, the Day and Year above written ..... John Henley, Kezia (Nixon) Henley, Abigail Nixon, Dorothy Nixon, Aaron Cosand, Mary Henley, Joseph Henley, Charlie Overman, Gabriel Cosand, Naom Newby, Miriam White, Phinehas Albert, Thomas Nicholson, Sarah Nicholson, Jemima Trueblood, Zach (?) Nixon, Hannah Nixon, William Arnold (?), John Nicholson (?), Chathley \_\_\_\_\_, Aaron Morris, Hannah Nixon, B. Albertson, John Trueblood, Margaret Nixon, Mary Albertson. (LH has a copy of the handwritten document)

**It is interesting to me (LH) that in two different historical accounts John Henley's father is mentioned but not his mother. In Keziah's case, both parents are mentioned. Could this be because of his mother's Indian heritage or simply that women generally took a secondary role to men in that culture? Ann Henley was married to Jesse from 1763 through her death in 1813.**

1803 -- John Clark's list of Taxable for the year 1803 (Captain Redding's District) shows John Henley (Caraway) owning 886 ac 1 wp. Also John Henley (son of John) 1 wp; Phinehas Nixon; Nathan Overman; and two Sanders'. (There are several John Henley's at this date and region, so they are easily confused.

**YET ANOTHER LH note:** Some genealogies show our John as the son of John Henley, not Jesse, yet the actual Quaker Meeting House Records and Hinshaw's Quaker history show John to be the son of Jesse and that he married Keziah (Lyford has a copy of the Quaker handwritten page). The Cranford Collection, Randolph Co Library, NC, cites the 1970 North Randolph Co Historical Society Quarterly, page 183, Winter Issue, to show that our John married Kissa Richardson. **This is clearly incorrect.** Hysterical society publications are not always trustworthy, nor are family published histories. Original source documents are generally the safest guides, though even they have occasional factual errors and misleading typographical errors.

1809 -- A John Henley is disowned May 20, 1809 for taking office in the militia. **Do not know which John this was.**

1813 - The Raleigh North Carolina Archives show "report of balance in the hand of John Henley of Carraway, guardian of heirs of Obidiah Small, Feb Term 1813."

1815 - The tax list of Randolph Co., NC, shows John Henley and several other Henleys: Nixon, Joseph, Stephen, Jesse, Gabriel.

**Follow up**



---

**Reminiscences of Randolph Co., printed 1890**, list John as "a prominent member of the Society of Friends, who lived at Caraway at the Samuel H. Hale Place, now owned by William Kearns."  
**This seems to indicate that the John from Caraway is our guy.** Depending on the time frame, Sam H could refer to Samuel Harlen Hale or Samuel Harvey Hale. The former lived 1844-1908, the latter 1787-1879. **Need to find the photocopied page and check it for details.**

Gordon Williams, an excellent NC genealogy researcher, shows John as being born Center MM, Guilford Co, NC.

Notes for Keziah Nixon:

These are the Family Tree Maker Notes Pages of Lyford Hale (lyfordhale at icloud dot com):

In the 1846 documents administering her estate, Keziah's name is spelled Kisiah Henly. This could be important when doing further research. The administrator is her daughter, Mary Henly Balfour.

North Carolina court records show that Keziah made a number of personal loans to family members, including to several Nixons, one being Barnaby Nixon, whose burial place ended up being right between those of LH's ancestors, Harlen and Sarah Hale.

1760-1844 -- Keziah Nixon, Death Date 10 April 1844, age: 84  
Death Place Randolph County, North Carolina Birth Date 18 March 1760  
Birth Place Perquimans County, North Carolina Religion Quaker Father Phinehas Nixon, (1710-1771) Mother Mary Pierce, (1722-)

1760 -- Encyclopedia of American Quaker Genealogy  
[p.93] BIRTH AND DEATH RECORDS  
page 110  
Keziah Nixon b. 3-18-1760.

1788-1844 -- Page 700 of Hinshaw's Quaker Genealogy, Vol I, Back Creek Monthly Meeting, Randolph County, North Carolina, recorded the date of death Keziah (Nixon) Henley.  
Marriage Date 21 September 1788 Marriage Place Little River Meeting House, Pasquotank County, North Carolina Children Mary (1789-), Nixon (1791-1870), John (1793-), Jesse (1794-), Rebekah (1797-), Sarah (1799-), Phinehas (1802-1883) .

1788 -- Page 155 of Hinshaw's Quaker Genealogy, Vol I, Pasquotank Monthly Meeting, Pasquotank County, North Carolina, recorded on 21 September 1788 that Keziah Nixon of Perquimans County, North Carolina, daughter of Phinehas, deceased, and Mary Nixon, was married to John Henley at the Little River Meeting House, Pasquotank County, North Carolina.

1788 -- Page 142 of Hinshaw's Quaker Genealogy, Vol I, Pasquotank Monthly Meeting, Pasquotank County, North Carolina, recorded on 15 November 1788 that Keziah (Nixon) Henley requested a certificate to Center Monthly Meeting, Guilford County, North Carolina. (removed by husband)

### **Needs Followup**

The 1907 "Dave's Roll" list of Cherokees owed money by the government included John and Anna Henley and Edward Hale, born High Point NC 1-11-1838. This is from the Muskogee Area Office, Muskogee, Ok. 1962. I do not know who this Henley couple is. The Edward Hale appears to be ours, even though the date of birth is off by one day. I do not know why these people were owed money. I have found nothing to indicate that our Edward Hale was ever an enrolled member of the Cherokee Nation, though he tried very hard to become one.

A Keziah Henley married John Pearcy Mar 12, 1839, in Clark Co., Indiana  
Source: Indiana Marriages to 1850, Provo, UT.

**IF this is our Keziah**, she is remarrying after John Henley died in 1834. **I believe this is NOT our Keziah.** Ours died 10 years later while still in Randolph Co, NC,, .

---

Richard Nixon ancestors, per FTM on-line info supplied by Margaret Ann Trimmer:  
Richard M. Nixon  
Francis A. Nixon and Hannah Milhous  
Grandfather was Samuel Brady Nixon 1847-1915  
Goes back to George Nixon, III born 1821. Died 14 July 1863 at Gettysburg. M Margaret Hung  
1843.  
George Nixon, Jr  
George Nixon, Sr.

A Keziah who married into the Nixon family, thus creating a confusingly named Keziah Nixon:  
Keziah Newby Nixon:

Encyclopedia of American Quaker Genealogy  
[p.34] MINUTES AND MARRIAGE RECORDS  
page 65  
1763, 7, 6. Francis rmt Keziah Newby. (widow with ch)

Encyclopedia of American Quaker Genealogy  
[p.34] MINUTES AND MARRIAGE RECORDS  
page 65

1780, 1, 5. Mark Newby & Kezia Nixon, who many mos. past declared m intentions, informed friends they never found the way clear & declined proceeding in m on their former publication.

Encyclopedia of American Quaker Genealogy  
[p.34] MINUTES AND MARRIAGE RECORDS  
page 65  
1773, 8, 4. Kezia Nixon, on rq of Benjamin Sanders, was given liberty to bind her s out to a man not of our society.

Encyclopedia of American Quaker Genealogy  
[p.34] MINUTES AND MARRIAGE RECORDS  
page 65  
1774, 11, 2. Kezia, widow, declared intention of m Mark Newby. (1st time)

Encyclopedia of American Quaker Genealogy  
[p.34] MINUTES AND MARRIAGE RECORDS  
page 65  
1780, 7, 5. Kezia, widow with ch, rmt Samuel Pretlowe.

Keziah Nixon and John Henley had the following children:

- i. Mary Henley<sup>3</sup> was born on 26 Nov 1789 in Asheboro, Randolph, NC<sup>3</sup>. She died on 22 Oct 1873 in Augusta, Hancock, IL<sup>27</sup>. She married Andrew Balfour on 27 Dec 1810 in Randolph Co., NC<sup>27</sup>. He was born in Oct 1776 in Newport, RI<sup>27</sup>. He died on 31 Dec 1825 in Salisbury, Rowan Co., NC<sup>27</sup>.

Notes for Andrew Balfour:  
Was the son of Colonel Balfour.

- ii. Nixon Henley was born on 07 Mar 1791. He died on 05 Jan 1870<sup>28</sup>. He married Sarah Bogue on 04 Mar 1812 in Back Creek MM, Randolph Co, NC<sup>29</sup>. She died on 11 Sep 1834<sup>28</sup>. He married Mary Allen on 24 Sep 1835 in Holly Spring MH<sup>30</sup>. She died on 11 Apr 1837<sup>28</sup>. He married Rachel Stalker on 07 Aug 1839<sup>26</sup>. She was born in Of Randolph Co, NC. She died in Aug 1865<sup>26</sup>.

Notes for Nixon Henley:  
Hinshaw, p 472: Nixon Henly prc to m Mary Allen, 9-19-1835

Encyc Amer Quaker Gen., Hinshaw, Vol 1, p 700:  
Nixon Henley died age 78 yrs, 8 mos, 24 das; an elder 24 yrs.

-----  
LDS IGI file shows Nixon Henley married to Mary Allen born abt 1815 in NC.

Notes for Sarah Bogue:

---

Was this Sarah Bogue also married to Joseph Bundy?

Notes for Mary Allen:

Encyc Amer Quaker Gen., Hinshaw, Vol 1, P 480:

1835, 12, 19. Mary (Henly) gct Back Creek MM. Could this Mary be daughter of Martha Allen, born Randolph Co 1796, d 1866 in Randolph.

Martha's daughter Mary lived in Kansas later in life.

- iii. John Henley<sup>3</sup> was born on 01 Mar 1793 in Randolph Co., NC. He died on 18 Feb 1854 in Buried in Back Creek MM Bg, NC. He married Margaret Clark on 05 Sep 1816 in Randolph Co, NC<sup>31</sup>.

Notes for John Henley:

Encyc of Amer Quaker Gen, Vol 1, p 700 lists (recheck this!) Asenath Hadley as married to John Henley, son of John and Keziah. Child: Samuel b 9-19-1844 (this doesn't look right).

Henry Henly was born on June 2nd, 1821, to John Henly and Margaret Clark. He was killed at "Fort Hamby" in Wilkes Co. on May 5th, 1865. Compiled by Timothy E. Townsend [co\\_b\\_37nct@boone.net](mailto:co_b_37nct@boone.net) -- not sure who these people are.

Notes for Margaret Clark:

FTM site for Gerald Goss:

Margaret Goss, daughter of Maj. Frederick Goss, married Jesse Henley October 10, 1819. He was the son of John and Keziah Nixon Henley. Margaret was born July 17, 1799 and died Feb. 18. 1860.

- iv. Jesse Henley<sup>3</sup> was born on 10 Nov 1794<sup>32</sup>. He married Margaret Goss on 10 Oct 1819<sup>33</sup>. She was born on 17 Jul 1799. She died on 18 Feb 1860.

Notes for Jesse Henley:

1850 US Federal Census shows Jesse and family are farming next to his sister Sarah and her husband Harlen, in Southern Division, Randolph, NC.

The 6-year-old Jesse Nixon living with them is probably the child of a Nixon cousin.

- v. Rebekah Henley was born on 02 Feb 1797. She married William Dougan.
1. vi. Sarah Henley<sup>1-2</sup> was born on 18 Dec 1799 in North Carolina<sup>3-5</sup>. She died on 14 Dec 1885 in Randolph County, NC<sup>6-9</sup>. She married Harlen Bolden Hale on 02 Mar 1835 in Randolph, North Carolina<sup>10-12</sup>. He was born on 08 Apr 1799 in Randolph Co., NC<sup>3, 13</sup>. He died on 06 May 1853 in Asheboro, Randolph Co., NC<sup>14</sup>.
- vii. Phineas Henley<sup>3</sup> was born on 03 Nov 1802. He died in 1883. He married Mary Brogue.

Notes for Phineas Henley:

1830 Federal Census, First Regiment of Randolph Co., NC:

Shows Phineas and family living next to Jane Hale.

- viii. William Henley<sup>18</sup>.

Notes for William Henley:

Not sure about William. Got him from Randolph Historical Soc. publication, but Quaker Records only list 7 kids, not 8.

---

### Generation 3

4. **Jesse Henley**<sup>26, 34-36</sup>, son of John Henley I and Isabell Newby, was born about 1725 in Pasquotank Co, NC. He died on 07 Jun 1801 in Randolph Co., NC (or died July 13, as per Henley Eversole)<sup>37-39</sup>. He married **Ann Crew** on 17 Jan 1763 in Black Creek Meeting, VA.

- 
5. **Ann Crew**<sup>9, 40</sup>, daughter of John Crew, was born in 1735<sup>9</sup>. She died in 1813 in Randolph Co., NC<sup>9</sup>.

Notes for Jesse Henly:

These are the Family Tree Maker Notes Pages of Lyford Hale (lyfordhale at icloud dot com):

1725 -- LDS on-line search shows Jesse Henley born 1725 to John and Isabel Newby Henley. He first married Sarah Jones Oct 5, 1750 in Perquimins, NC, born 1729 in Perquimins, died abt 1761 in Pasquotank. Second he married Ann "Pretow" Crew Jan 17, 1763 in Surry VA (**LH note: Pretow = Pretlow or Pretlo, who was Ann's FIRST husband, thus making her Ann Crew Pretlow.**)

1752 -- From Randolph Co. archives:

Dec 7, 1752 Jess Henley receives approval to have an orphan child bound to him by request of its mother.

1750-54 -- Encyclopedia of American Quaker Genealogy Vol. 6:

1750, 7, 6 Jesse Henley requests cert to Perquimans MM to marry.

1750, 10, 5. Jesse (Henly) produced a certificate from Pasquotank Co., to marry

1750, 10, 5. Jesse (Henly) reported married to Mary Jones

1754 North Carolina Census shows him living in Pasquotank County, NC.

1754-55 -- The State Records of NC by Clark Vol 22, page 354: Militia Returns 1754-1755, also 1758-1767.

#53 men besides Quakers carried upwards in Delou's (?) list - List includes Jesse.

#42 Quakers in Capt Delou's list total amount, with Quakers, 515 men. Return from Pasquotank Co 1755.

1755 -- Researcher Betty Vollenweiden says in 1755 Jesse served in the Quaker Regiment of the Regiments of Pasquotank Co. Apparently this was a regiment for civil defense, not regular army.

1761- From Randolph Co. archives:

Oct 1761 Mary Ratliff, widow of Joseph, complains of Jesse Henley on behalf of their children.

1763 -- From Randolph Co. archives:

Jesse requested certificate to Surry Co MM to marry, 6 Jan 1763.

1763 -- Full Context of Encyclopedia of American Quaker Genealogy Vol. 6

Virginia [p.97] RECORDS

1763, 1, 15. Jesse Henly liberated to marry Ann (Crew) Pretlow

1763, 1, 15. Ann (Pretlow) liberated to marry Jesse Henly (our guy)

Cranford Collection, from Winter Issue 1970 North Randolph Co Historical Society Quarterly, page 183:

Jesse Henley of Albemarle Co, NC (brother to John Henley) married (Mrs.) Ann Pretlow of Surry Co VA. They located near Center Church in Randolph Co, near Back Creek church. Their progeny: John ... etc. (**LH's note: While this info agrees with other original source documents, some of what is listed in the Quarterly does not. The Quarterly cites no sources!**)

1765, 4,4 -- Jesse and his wife reported removed to New Garden MM without certificate and with complaint again them outstanding

1765, 12,5 -- Jesse and wife condemned (confessed?) their differences and required (requested?) certificate to New Garden MM

1767 -- Jesse Henley offered a paper at the New Garden MM in Guilford, which was accepted, thus, I believe, removing any complaint against him.

1779 -- North Carolina State Library

Randolph County was formed in 1779 from Guilford. It was named in honor of Peyton Randolph of Virginia, who was president of the Continental Congress. It is in the central section of the State and

---

is bounded by Chatham, Moore, Montgomery, Davidson, Guilford and Alamance counties. Its present land area is 787.26 square miles and its population in 1990 was 106,546. The act establishing the county authorized the first court and all subsequent courts to be held at the home of Abraham Reese unless otherwise decided upon by the justices of the peace until a courthouse could be built. Commissioners were named in 1783 to select a site for the county seat. This act directed that court be held at the home of William Bell until the courthouse was completed. In 1785 an act was passed removing the court from the house of William Bell and allowing the justices at each court to decide where the next court would meet until the courthouse was completed.

1782 -- Encyclopedia of American Quaker Genealogy: Virginia [p.97]:

1782, 3, 16. Robert (Ricks) reported married to Ann Pretlow.

**This is NOT Ann Crew Pretlow who married Jesse Henley in 1763 and remained married to him until he died in 1801.**

1786-1793 -- Barbara Grigg Collection:

Jesse Henly lived on Caraway, where Winborne Andrews now lives, and was the father of John Henley. In the year 1786 Jesse Henly entered two hundred acres of land at and including the centre of the county. In 1793 Jesse Henly conveyed to the Justices of the county and their successors, for the public buildings, two acres of this land. The county paid ten shillings for the two acres which formed a rectangle twenty poles north and south and sixteen poles east and west.

1788 -- From Cranford Collection, Colonial and State Records by Clark, Vol 24, page 987, Chapter XLII, 1788:

An act for creating a town on the land of Thomas Dougan, in Randolph Co, NC (100 acres from Thomas Dougan) laid off into a town called Johnstonville (later becoming Asheboro, NC). Jesse Henley appointed one of the commissioners and trustees designing, building and carrying on the said town to lay off the said lots and streets and alleys each lot to be 10 poles in front and 16 poles back. Whereas there are 5 acres of land whereon the court house, prison and stocks do stand belonging to the said county and conveyed by deed from Stephen Rigdon for the use of said county. (This Jesse Henly is the great uncle of Maria Cranford)

1788 - 1819 -- North Carolina State Library

In 1788 a town was established at the courthouse on the land of Thomas Dauggan (Spelled as per the record). This town, was named Johnstonville in honor of Samuel Johnston. In 1791 an act was passed authorizing the construction of a prison at the courthouse. In 1792 an act was passed authorizing commissioners to select a site in the center of the county and have a new courthouse erected, as the old courthouse was not in the center of the county. **In 1796 Asheboro was established as the county seat on the land of Jesse Henley.** In 1819 a new courthouse was authorized to be built in Asheboro.

1788 -- Cranford Collection: Colonial and State records for 1788 mention Jesse, Vol 22 - Jesse in General Assembly and Militia.

Vol 20 Capt Henley fights (Fanning?). There are several references to Henly in the Assembly (spellings differ in these mentions).

Vol 22 page 8, 7-22-1788: Mr. Jesse Henley and Thomas Dougan two of the members for Randolph Co, took their seats.

1788 --- Hinshaw's Encyc of Amer Quaker Genealogy:

Mary Henley is listed by Hinshaw.

John, son of Jesse, Randolph Co. married Keziah Nixon at Little River Meeting House near Newbegun Creek.

Hinshaw shows that Keziah was attached to Center MM prior to her marriage.

1790 -- US Census shows Jesse living in Randolph County.

1792 -- Barbara Grigg Collection, Asheboro, NC, Public Library: Jesse Henley Deeds :

12-29-1792 -- 93-2a 10sh. To Justices for public building in Asheboro.

96-50a to establish town to be called Asheborough

1792+ -- By Marlou Belyea: The Back Creek Monthly Meeting had been a preparative meeting at first attached to the Center MM and that became a MM on 18-11-1792.

---

The following is a list of part of the original membership. Mary Albertson, John Bailey, Huldah Bundy, Margaret Bundy, Samuel Bundy, Gulielma Charles, Samuel Charles, Rachel Cole, Reuben Crow, Exum Elliott, Jacob Elliott, Elizabeth Fentress, Pharoah Fentress, Michael Harvey, Jemima Haskitt, **Jesse Henley, John Henley, Kezia Henley, Mary Henley**, Anna Hill, Jesse Hill, Joseph Hill, Mary Hill, William Hill, Elisha Hobbs, Fanny Hobbs, Andrew Hoover, Elizabeth Hoover, Jonas Hoover, Elizabeth Hunt, Phinehas Hunt, Edward Kenley, Margaret Kinley, Reuben Lam, William Lee, Mary Mills, Elizabeth Newby, Penelope Newby, William Newby, Milicent Nixon, Phinehas Nixon, Ephraim Overman, Rachel Overman, Jacob Pouts, Cornelius Ratliff, Elizabeth Ratliff, Elizabeth Small, Obediah Small, John Smith, Miriam Thornbrugh, Thomas Thornbrugh, Jesse Webb, Frederick Weymire, Enneon Williams, Martha Williams, Caroline Winslow, Thomas Winslow, Henry Yunt, Mary Yunt. The Bundys and Smalls are relatives and many of these would move to Indiana with the Overmans.

The Back Creek MM minutes listed "Ephram" Overman and Rachel Overman with children born (and died in Back Creek): Clarkey b. 10-11-1794 died 7-2-1795. Phinehas b. 5-10-1796. Keziah Overman, daughter Ephram & Rachel, died 10-21-1795. 1796,10,29: Zebulon Overman produced a minute from Symon's Creek MM, dated 1796,8,20, stating that he had been rst [restored to membership]. 1797,11,25 Zebulon rocf [received on certificate from] Symon's Creek MM, dated 1797,7,15.

1796 -- Barbara Grigg Collection, Asheboro, NC, Public Library  
Receipt (held by Obediah Small) Johnsonville, 15 Mar 1796, of John Henley, 2 3sl. for hire of stage waggon. Sig. J.C. Luck.

1798 -- Will of Jesse Henly, Randolph Co, NC, Will Book #2, pages 8-81-82  
State of NC 16th day of Fifth Month 1798, Randolph Co:

The Remembrance of mortality calls for preparation temporal and spiritual. I therefore make this my last will and testament. In manner and form following -- 1st I recommend my Soul to God that gave it to me and my body to the dust from whence it was taken, to be buried by my friends in decent order.

2nd, I give my daughter Isabel Henly a tract of land lying on Deep River containing 140 acres and 200 acres on Polecat Creek, the latter I bought of Hiram Girren and the former of Gibeon Jones and 352 acres I bought of Richardson Owens and 100 acres of Stephen Sesner (?). I also nominate and appoint my sons John Henly, Jesse Henly and Stephen Henly and my son-in-law Penehas Nixon and Judiah Hussey Trustees to take care of the said Isabel and do authorize them to sell or rent the said lands as they may think best for her support or maintenance during life and afterwards to be equally divided amongst the said trustees provided she has no children.

Item 3, I give to my son John Henly two tracts of land lying upon Carroway Creek in the platts of said lands bears the number of 4 and 5 and contains 486 acres and 200 acres of land which contains the extended center of this County and 150 acres in Moore County by Deed from David Aegae (?), all which I give to him his heirs and assigns for ever.

Item 4, I give to my daughter Mellicant Nixon an tract of land upon Carroway Creek which carries the title of number (3 or B?) containing 243 acres and 100 acres lying below Branson's which I bought of William Picket and one tract lying upon Peter's Branch containing 243 acres and 200 out of the tract called Batheny's Land and the Platt no 60 (?) in Camelton, all of which I give to her, her heirs and assigns for ever.

Item 5, I give to my son Jesse Henly one tract of land 600 acres called Warreles (?) and one tract joining below upon Back Creek 432 acres to him his heirs and assigns for ever.

Item 6, I give to my daughter Agatha Hussey one tract of land called Malders (?) 300 acres and a tract of 50 acres north of Back Creek Mountain and one tract of land 150 acres above and both sides of the creek and 100 acres out of the tract called the Old Plantation tract laid off upon the sides joining the other tracts the east side from end to end so as to contain 100 acres of land out of Batheny's tract to her, her heirs and assigns for ever.

Item 7, I give to my son Stephen Henly one tract of land the Manner Plantation containing 300

---

acres of land and 200 acres in the Old Plantation tract and one tract 166 acres lying south of Carraway Mountain and one tract of land north of Carraway Mountain 200 acres and 140 acres of land bought of Joseph Robbins south of the trading road and 100 acres of land including John Hinns (?) old field and 200 acres out of Batheny's tract to him to his heirs and assigns for ever.

Item 8, My will and pleasure is that my movable estate be divided amongst my children the proper heirs as the law directs.

Item 9, I give to my three step children viz Rebecah Hunnicut, Thomas Pritlow (?) and Ann Ricks each of them \$1.00 which is to be their full and absolute share of my estate to them their heirs and assigns for ever.

Item 10, I nominate and appoint my son John Henly, Phenehas Nixon son-in-law, my son Jesse Henly, my son-in-law Judiah Hussey and my son Stephen Henly executors to this my last will and testament. So I ratify this my last will and testament and revoke all others heretofore made by me. Sealed with my seal and do this 16 day of fifth month one thousand seven hundred and ninety-eight.

Copyest T. Harper

Jesse Henly (seal)  
Witnesses present  
Joseph Haskett  
William Foal (?)  
Alex Gray Jurat (?)

1801 -- August term the foregoing will was proved in open court by A. Gray and ordered to be recorded.

Teste T. Harper Clerk

WILL OF JESSE HENLY (NOTE SPELLLING)

Copied by LH from Cranford Collection, Forsyth Co. Public Library, Winston-Salem, NC

Index to Wills , Randolph Co, NC

1801 Book 2 pages 80-81-82

Devisee

Isabel Henly

John Henly

Millican Nixon

Jesse Henly

Agatha Hussey

Stephen Henly

Rebecca Hunnicut

Ann Ricks

Thomas Pritlow

**HENLEY EVERSOLE IS THE SOURCE OF MANY GENEALOGY ERRORS! -- BEWARE OF HIS GENEALOGY.**

**Read the following with care - it does not appear to be accurate and has led to much confusion**

GenealogyLibrary.com

SONS & DAUGHTERS OF THE PILGRIMS

Application of Henley Eversole

Page 219

**(AGAIN, PLEASE NOTE THAT Henley Eversole claimed Jesse was the son of the man I label as John Henley II, Jesse's brother. If Eversole was correct, Jesse's Dad would have been born only 8 years before Jesse was, which seems a bit precocious, even for that point in history. Also, Henley Eversole said Jesse married Nancy Crews. There are many Quaker records to verify that his wife was Ann Crew Pretlow, not Nancy Crews.):**

I was born in Fort Morgan, Morgan County, Colorado.

1. I am the son of John A. Long, born 1859, and his wife Emma B. C., born 1865; married May 4, 1887.

---

2. The said John A. Long was the son of Joseph Long, born 1832, died 1863, and his wife Hannah M. Judd, born 1833, died 1865; married 1853.

3. The said Hannah M. Judd was the daughter of Eben W. Judd, born 1803, died 1851, and his wife Hannah Burnnett, born 1807, died about 1890; married 1830.

4. The said Eben W. Judd was the son of Erastus Judd, born 1771, died 1837, and his wife Ruth Hickok, born 1772, died 1836; married 1793.

5. The said Erastus Judd was the son of Stephen Judd, born 1715, died 1777, and his wife Mrs. Elsie Matthews; married 1768.

6. The said Stephen Judd was the son of Thomas Judd, born 1662, died 1747, and his wife Sara Freeman; married 1688.

7. The said Thomas Judd was the son of William Judd, born 1636, died 1690, and his wife Mary Steele; married 1658.

8. The said William Judd was the son of Thomas Judd, born 1608, died 1688, and his wife (not known), died 1679; married in England.

I, Henley Eversole, resident of Newman, Illinois; born July 31, 1863; married Orpha Olive Wagner, March 26, 1895; hereby apply for membership in The Society of the Sons and Daughters of the Pilgrims by right of descent from Samuel Jordan, sailed from England in Sea Venture, wrecked off coast Bermuda, August 1608, died March 1623 at Jordans Journey, below Shirley Hundred Island, Jamestown, Va., left Bermuda May 9, 1609; arrived at Jamestown May 23, 1609. Service: Fought Indians from behind stockade on his premises; was member first house of Burgess, assembled August 9, 1609, and re-elected.

I was born in Seven Hickory Township, Coles County, Illinois.

1. I am the son of Henry Eversole, born October 2, 1831; died December 11, 1909, and his wife Sarah Jane Work, born October 10, 1836; died August 8, 1919; married October 21, 1858.

2. The said Sarah Jane Work Eversole was the daughter of Samuel Work, born October 10, 1792; died December 28, 1871, and his wife Elizabeth Henley, born July 3, 1796; died July 5, 1850; married 1815. 289

3. The said Elizabeth Henley Work was the daughter of Jesse Henley, Jr., born August 16, 1770; died November 25, 1828, and his wife Catherine Foutz, born October 24, 1773; died March 12, 1806

4. The said Jesse Henley, Jr. was the son of Jesse Henley, died July 13, 1801, and his wife Nancy Crews, died June 7, 1798.

5. The said Jesse Henley was the son of John Henley, born November 7, 1717; died July 10, 1753, and his wife Mary Jordan; married August, 1740.

---

**This is a letter to LH from a good researcher named Penny (Zellen):**

Hi L: ... since I didn't have the chance today to get the Eleanor Bell info copied, I thought I'd send some of it now to further confuse you!

**From "The sage of the Family and Descendants of David Vestal Henley and Eleanor Lassiter of Randolph Co., Nc. 1986, by Eleanor P. Bell:**

p. 180 - Jesse Henley, b. 1725 in Pasquotank Co. NC, d. 7-13-1801 in Randolph Co. NC; m/1 5-10-1750 - Sarah Jones, who d. ca 1761 in Pasquotank Co. NC.

Jesse ... was an overseer of the roads and main street in Nixonton. He bought and sold land and received Granville and Carteret Grants. He was appointed guardian for the children of Benoni Pritchard, and the daughter of John White, and John and Millicent Henly, who were the children of his brother John Henly.

**Note that the Eleanor Bell date of Jesse's death varies by a month from other sources. This date needs more research.**



---

In Jan 1763 Jesse requested a certificate by Surry MM, VA, to marry Ann (Crew) Pretlow. There is much traditional ("speculative") information concerning Ann. The most popular is that she was the daughter of an Indian Princess...After many years of research...there is still no definite background knowledge about Ann's ancestry. The same misinformation about John Elmore, the Cherokee Indian wife and their children has been handed down...

Among the earliest Quakers mentioned was John Crew of the Colony of VA, who was an early organizer of meetings, a minister, and elder and treasurer of his MM and a missionary to the western mountain foothill country of Virginia, a long journey overland on foot. Tradition says that these travelers lived with the Indians when near the tribes, converting many and making friends as they went. John Elmore reportedly married an Indian maiden named An-nah Wah-Kah (English name Sarah-on-Holston-River in the Cherokee Nation. This river runs through Hawkins County in the northeastern section of present TN, on the far side of the mountains). Possibility: the tribe, of which she was a member, could have migrated northeasterly across the mountains into the Virginia foothills and was one visited by the missionary group.

John Elmore married one of the maidens and took her back to his Meeting. They had seven children. The traditional record says: "The children of John Elmore and An-nah Wah-Kah were taken and educated by the Society of Friends and married amongst them." I have the record of the children that has been handed down since before 1892 and the research I did for each of them. They all married and lived in Stokes and Guilford Counties, NC, and Jefferson County TN. (L H Note: Unfortunately, the author didn't put this list of children in her manuscript. Hopefully, she also sent something to Raleigh on this.)

To continue, P181: Much of the early traditional information does not agree with Hinshaw's abstracted records of the minutes of the meetings in Vol. I for NC and Vol. 6 for VA. For example: Sarah Elmore m. Jesse Henley and d. in Randolph Co. NC in 1813. Nowhere in records has this statement been found. Tradition also says that John Crew adopted Sarah Ann Elmore and changed her name to Ann Crew. No record of her was found until her marriage to Joshua Pretlow: Ann Crew Pretlow reported married 7-7-1753 in the home of John Crew, Charles City County, VA, Joshua Pretlow from Black Water MM. They lived in Sussex County, Colony of VA, north of Perquimans Co. NC. He was born ca 1728 (?) , d. 1761.

Their Children:

1. Rebeckah Pretlow, b. ca 1754; m. 5-17-1772 James Hunnicutt of Black Water MM.
2. Thomas Pretlow, Jr., b. ca 1758; m. 9-20-1783 in Surry Co. VA Ann Bailey, dtr. of Samuel and Sarah of Surry Co. VA
3. Anne Pretlow, b. ca 1760; m. Robert Ricks, who produced a certif. from Western Branch MM, Isle of Wight County, to marry.

Rebeckah was ca 9 years of age, Thomas was ca 5 years of age, and Anne ca 3 years of age when Ann married Jesse Henly. The only records we have of them are in VA where Thomas Pretlow, probably a brother of Joshua, was their guardian after the death of Joshua, and they became a part of his family when Ann married Jesse Henly and removed to Pasquotank County NC. In his will, Jesse left one dollar each to Rebeckah Hunnicutt, Thomas Pretlow, and Anne Ricks, his step-children.

Compare the above record of Sarah Elmore with the Time-Line of Jesse Henley taken from original Meeting Minutes and court records. From Symons Creek MM, 7-6-1750, Jesse requested certif. from Perquimans MM to marry Sarah Jones, who d. ca 1761 in Pasquotank Co.

Jesse Henley and Ann (Crew) Pretlow were at liberty to marry 1-15-1763 and were married during the next meeting. No definite date is determined for their removal to Rowan County. Jesse purchased land there in 10-21-1765, and it evidently became their home place since he built a mill there in 1770. With the last sale of his Pasquotank land in 1766, it seems likely that the move from Pasquotank to Rowan County was ca 1765. The first child, Isabel, was born 9-12-1763 in Pasquotank county, and son John was born 12-27-1766 in Rowan County.

Skipping back, p. 169 - John Henley, b. ca 1693/94 in Pasquotank Co. NC, son of Patrick, d. 20th day 4th month (June) 1728 in Pasquotank Co. m. 11-9-1716 in "dwelling house of Gabriel Newby" of Perquimans Co. NC, Isabel (Zibell) Newby, b. 10th month 28th day 1697 in Perquimans Co. NC;

---

dtr of Gabriel and Mary (Toms/Tomes) Newby.

Children of John and Isabell Newby Henley:

1. John Henley, b. 7th day 11th month 1717 in Pasquotank Co. d. 7-10-1753 in Pasquotank Co. NC; m. 8-2-1740 in Pasquotank, Mary Jordan

2. Mary Henley, b. 11-21-1719 in Pasquotank, d. in VA. "23 Sep 1738/39 at Newbegun Creek MM, md Robert Ricks and went back to Nansemond Co. VA." (orig. Pasquotank MM minutes).

3. Miriam Henley, b. 12-18-1721 in Pasquotank Co., d. 12-1734

4. Elizabeth Henley, b. 6-12-1724 in Pasquotank Co., d. 7-5-1728

5. Jesse Henley, b. ca 1725 in Pasquotank Co., d. 6-7-1801 in Randolph Co. NC  
m/1, 10-5-1750 Sarah Jones, of Perquimans MM, d. ca 1761  
m/2, 1-16-1763, Ann (Crew) Pretlow of Blackwater MM, VA

Isabel m/2 - 7th day 6th month, 1729 Benjamin Pritchard of Pasquotank Co. NC. His first wife was Sarah Culpeper, dtr. of Sarah and John. Matthew Pritchard, b. 2-7-1732 and d. 11-2-1778 in Pasquotank Co. m 6-10-1759 Rosannah Bentson, dtr of James Bentson who m/2 8-5-1762 Elizabeth Pritchard, widow.

Children: Mathew Pritchard b. 2-9-1760

Benjamin Pritchard b. 4-23-1761

Matthew m/d 4-7-1763 Sarah (Symons), widow of Thomas Low

Isabel m/3 - 1744 - Thomas Pierce

That's all for now.

Penny

2ellen@home.com

**This from Gordon Williams (Gordon\_Williams@vfc.com**, who writes: " Jesse (1725-1801) appeared in court records in Pasquotank Co on July 2, 1745 in relation to a deed. By Oct 21, 1765, his name shows up in Rowan Co records when he purchased 140 acres on 'both sides of Trading Path and both sides of Deep River in Rowan Co,' now Randolph.

On November 19, 1766, he was received into New Garden MM by certificate from Pasquotank.

Later he was listed among the original members of Back Creek MM, organized in 1792. He apparently added to his land holdings from time to time. In fact, some have thought he was a kind of land speculator, buying and selling to his financial profit. The records of Randolph Co (organized in 1779) show that he purchased at least 26 parcels of land.

At his death in 1801 he left a total of 5,452 acres to his children. He was generous with his land. He gave over 400 acres to three slave families when he liberated them years before slavery was a burning issue. On December 25, 1796, he gave 50 acres to 'establish a town at site of courthouse to be called Asheborough.'

Jesse had at least 7 children. His youngest son, Stephen, became the father of David Vestal Henley. David, Stephen's youngest son, was only two years old when his father died in 1820 of 'Cramp colic,' probably appendicitis. In 1844 he married a Methodist girl, Eleanor Lassiter, whose family were loyal and active members of Oak Grove Methodist Church on the west side of Uwharrie River. The source of this information was a book called 'Deep River Friends Meeting,' a book I obtained from the Greensboro Library. I live in Greensboro."

Gordon says Jesse married Anna Pritlow Jan 15, 1763 in Surry MM, Surry, VA.

### Follow up

1763, 15 January - US, Quaker Meeting Records, 1681-1935, Ancestry.com:

Virginia, Suses, Blackwater and Upper Monthly Meeting Minutes, 1752-1775

"At a Monthly Meeting held at Blackwater Surry County in Virga the 15th 1st moth 1763 Jesse Henly and Anne Pretlow published their intentions of taking each other in marriage the second time and all their \_\_\_\_ appearing clear they are at their liberty to marry when they see fit."

Which Jesse? Which Ann?

Need to check if any of the sons of Joseph and Mourning Anderson Henley had a son named

---

John.

NC census shows an Elmore Henly in Butte Co, NC in 1771. Elmore shows up again in Wake Co, NC in 1790. Both times he is the only Henly or Henley in those Counties. An E. Henley shows up in Franklin Co, GA in 1802. An Edmund Henley also shows up in GA at these same, and later, dates. Have no clue if these men may belong in our tree.

Notes for Ann Crew:

These are the Family Tree Maker Notes Pages of Lyford Hale (lyfordhale at icloud dot com):

**I am at least temporarily giving up trying to prove Ann Crew Pretlow Henly was Saran Ann Elmore Crew Pretlow Henly.** As much as I would like to confirm what my Great Grandfather Edward Henley Hale firmly believed to be true, I cannot find anything to justify his belief other than unsubstantiated stories. Therefore, while I am not yet ready to delete much of what follows, I'm becoming more and more convinced that Ann Crew was a Quaker woman from a long line of Crews who were also Quakers. She was probably not an Elmore child who was adopted by the Crew family and it is unlikely she had Cherokee heritage. I may change my mind yet again, but this decision comes after 25 years of serious searching in every records repository I could justify visiting, which required traveling to several states.

**HOW I ARRIVED AT THE NAME SARAH ANN ELMORE CREW (The name I've just said I can't prove ever existed):**

Two Indian women testified under oath to the Dawes Commission in 1886 that John Henly, father of Sarah Henly Hale, was a "Half Breed Cherokee Indian." The John Henley referenced is shown by numerous documents to be the son of Jesse Henly, whose parents are also known. The best evidence we have, through several Quaker Records, is that Jesse married twice, first to Mary Sarah Jones and second to Ann Crew Pretlow, widow of Joshua Pretlow. John was the son of Ann, so how was he part Cherokee?

The only options are that his Indian heritage came through his mother, Ann Crew Pretlow or through her mother, who as of August 2021, is unknown to me. Ann's father was John Crew, of Charles City County, Virginia. This from the Encyclopedia of American Quaker Genealogy: Virginia. John who was not an Indian. The Crews, Pretlows, Elmore, Johnsons, Hales and Henleys were all Quakers who show up in records as attending the same events, doing land transactions with one another, inter-marrying, etc. It is almost impossible to untangle their many relationships.

In his published genealogy, "The Trunk of an Elmore Family Tree," William E. Elmore writes of family stories about infant Indians who were raised by Quaker families and of family members who married Indians. One of those stories tells of an Indian girl raised by a Quaker family named Johnson. William Elmore quotes a "monograph" by Paula Spencer as stating that Martha Elmore Johnson married Hezekiah Sanders. This Martha was said to be the daughter of an Indian woman named An-Nah Wah-Kah and the sister of Sarah Elmore Crew. An-Nah, or Anne as she was called, was the wife of John Elmore, born 1698. On the other hand, Paula Spencer quotes William Elmore regarding the legend of the Indian maiden. **Paul Spencer and William Elmore using each other as a reference does not give me confidence in either of these people.** This is too much like political reporting in the U.S. which has been getting the facts wrong for years.

The legends claim that when John and Anne Elmore died, Martha Elmore was taken in by the Johnsons and Ann by the Crew family, thus they became Martha Elmore Johnson and Ann Elmore Crew. These details solve a family puzzle about our supposed Cherokee heritage, but LH has yet to find any records to prove the orphan theory and probably never will. Many Quaker records have been lost or destroyed through time and a lot of personal information simply wasn't recorded by local entities, such as they were in the territories at that time. Some say An-Nah Wah-Kah is a myth (instead of a Mrs --- sorry, bad pun).

**The story above is still being researched and may change dramatically ... or it may stay a speculation forever. If you incorporate LH's data, please be sure to state that it is based on theory only - it is a GUESS, not a fact.**

---

## DOCUMENTED HISTORY:

1753 -- It is well documented in Quaker records that an Ann Crew married Joshua Pretlow on 2 Jun 1753. Joshua died in 1761 or 1762. Jesse Henley's will proves that this Ann Crew became his wife after Joshua died. Jesse married her in 1763. In Jesse's will he names his stepchildren: Ann, Rebecca and Thomas - the children of Joshua Pretlow.

1753 -- Quaker Records of Henrico MM, F. Edward Wright, Colonial Roots, Lewes, DE: P28 May 5, 1753 Joshua Pretlo and Ann Crew, dau of (unclear) of Charles City Co. announced their intentions to marry, he producing a certificate from Blackwater MM. They were married June 2, 1753, but it was not recorded in the Henrico MM records until Sept 9, 1756 (P31).

1753 -- Ancestry.com

Database: Full Context of Virginia Marriages to 1800

Virginia

Henrico County

Crew, Ann married Pretlow, Joshua on 02 Jun 1753 in Henrico County, Virginia

## CONFUSION REIGNS

### Part 1

Note from researcher BubDeane1937 on ancestry.com, Dec 2014 (gh@PObox) with NO

SOURCES MENTIONED:

"Lyford, here is some material on An-Nah Wah-Kaw Cecilia Ellyson which may help to answer your question or cause you more confusion. It's very difficult to get the facts straight from those in earliest pioneer days in America."

He writes that our Indian woman was Cecilia Ellyson, born in 1704 in River, North Carolina. "She was married three times and had 10 sons and seven daughters between 1728 and 1749. She died about 1762 in Virginia, at the age of 58. She was, apparently, the adopted daughter of Weh-Hah (Mary Martha Woody) (adopted orphan) and her husband David Johnson 1711 to 1781. Therefore, apparently David Johnson's wife was an adopted orphan Indian, and they apparently adopted An na wah ka Elmore aka Cecelia, who in turn, married John Elmore 1707 to 1747. Their daughter was apparently Ann Pretlow Crew, whose third husband was Jesse Henley, my fourth great-grandfather. I cannot account for the various changes in names from generation to generation. These people were apparently Quakers who, out of their spiritual sympathy, adopted orphans from other families. I don't know if this is of any help to you, but it is the essence of what I have on my Henley+ tree. My sixth great-grandfather, Patrick Henley, was the son of Anthony Henley, a Quaker in England. Patrick followed William Penn to the New World and then helped to establish some Quaker groups in North Carolina. Patrick was a shipmaster and sailed back and forth from Pennsylvania to North Carolina. He was, however, something of a maverick Quaker, whose burial notice include the words 'not a Friend.' "Ah, the mysteries of it all. As to your question about who wrote in the Bible I have, I have no idea. Let me know if you can shed any further light on any of this." **(Note: This makes absolutely no sense to me. If you can figure it out, please let me know - LH).**

### Part 2

On Ancestry there is a photocopied page of what is said to be Stephen Henly's Bible, according to researcher Bub Dean. It lists Stephen's mother as Anna Henley, deceased June 7, 1798. This Stephen is not the son of Jesse Henly, as some have posted; he's the son of Stephen and Anna Pearson Henly. The elder Stephen Henly is the son of Jesse and Ann Crew Henly. Mixing the two Stephens further confuses the Henly ties back to Ann Crew Henly.

### Part 3

An Indian woman who said she knew our Hale ancestor, John Henley, said Ann, his mother, died in 1813. The date of death listed for this Ann Crew Pretlow corresponds to the page copied from the Stephen Henly Bible. The problem is that Stephen Henly's wife was Ann Pearson, not Ann Crew Pretlow. Someone is confused. Perhaps both women died in 1813.

### Part 4

1798 -- Asheboro Public Library, Barbara Griggs Collection:  
Ann (Crew) Pretlow Henly died 6-7-1798 (source not cited)

---

This differs from other records that set the year of her death as 1813. Yet ... Barbara Griggs was a very good researcher. Was she mistaken on this, did more than one woman exist in the same timeframe with the same name???

### Part 5

Interestingly, a 1907 lawsuit listed people who believed the government owed them money that was payable to those of Cherokee descent. This list includes John and Anna Henley and Edward Hale, born High Point NC 1-11-1838. This is from the Muskogee Area Office, Muskogee, Ok. 1962. The birthday corresponds to our Edward Henley Hale (plus one day), but I don't know about John and Anna Henley. To file a lawsuit, it helps to be alive. This, no doubt, means that John and Anna Henley were cousins to Ed Hale. **Filing a lawsuit is not proof of Indian heritage, only proof that the relatives believed they were part Cherokee.**

### More Screwy Records:

A problem with Ancestry.com's Family Data Collection: Without citing sources, at least one Ancestry report claims that Ann Pretow Crew, daughter of John Crew, married Jesse Henly. There are **problems with this "data."** **For one, the daughter of John Crew who married Joshua Pretlow (aka, Pretow) would normally be listed as Ann Crew Pretlow. More importantly, if she was born in 1747 and married Joshua Pretlow in 1753, she married at age 6.** That's early, even for those days.

### On the confusing Crews children and how they relate to Jesse ... or if they relate:

Encyclopedia of American Quaker Genealogy: Virginia

There were a bunch of Quaker Ann Crews:

1752 - An Ann Crew is born, p 213 Vol 1 Encyc of Amer. Quaker Gen. Her parents are not named, but her children are listed. **She obviously is not the woman who married Joshua Pretlow in 1753. She would have been one year old.**

1753, 6, 2. Joshua Pretlo produced certificate from Black Water monthly meeting, to marry Ann Crew

1753, 6, 2. Joshua, Colony of Va. marry in the house of John Crew, Charles City Co., Ann CREW, daughter John, Charles City Co.

1753, 7, 7. Ann reported married to Joshua Pretlo

Encyclopedia of American Quaker Genealogy: Virginia

[p.97] RECORDS

1763, 1, 15. Ann (Pretlow) liberated to marry Jesse Henly (our guy)

### WHO ARE THESE PEOPLE???

[p.153] RECORDS

1773, 9, 7. Ann, daughter Ellyson, Charles City Co.; marry James CREW, son of John Crew (Which John Crew?)

1773, 9, 7. James, Charles City Co., son John, Charles City Co.; marry at Frs meetinghouse, Charles City Co., Ann CREW, daughter Ellyson, Charles City Co.

1773, 10, 2. James reported married to Ann Crew

1773, 10, 2. Ann reported married to James Crew

### MORE ANN CREWS TO CHECK OUT

1815 - Ann \_\_\_\_\_ marries Lemuel Crew

- There's an Ann Crew in Belmont, Ohio

1815, 10, 10. Ann, daughter Samuel & Elizabeth, Charles City Co.; marry Lemuel CREW

1815, 11, 21. Ann reported married to Lemuel Crew

1828, 8, 23. Nathaniel C. produced certificate from his monthly meeting to marry Ann C. Pritlow

1828, 9, 27. Nathaniel C. reported married to Ann C. Pritlow

1828, 9, 27. Ann C. [Pritlow] reported married to Nathaniel C. Crinshaw

1829, 5, 27. Ann C. [Crew] (former Pretlow) received on certificate from Western Branch monthly meeting held at Somerton LH note: Our Ann, Jesse Henley's wife, was dead by 1813.

### Still More To Follow Up:

Terry45373 on Ancestry.com says Ann Crew was the daughter of John Crew, Jr. and Agatha Ellyson. Others show a John and Catherine Crew as parents of an Ann Crew. It appears there

---

were several Ann Crews' about the right age and in the right communities at the same time. One of them apparently married William Lane. John Crew Jr's parents were John and Sarah Gatley Crew. Agatha Ellyson's were Gerrard Robert Ellyson and Sarah Crew Ellyson.

Encyclopedia of American Quaker Genealogy: Virginia  
[p.227] RECORDS

1782, 4, 12. John, executor of the estate of Elizabeth Elmore, deceased, ordered to turn over same to James Crew

Hinshaw says Agatha, daughter of Jesse and Ann married Judiah Hussey 1794.

AncestryLibrary.com

The Parish Register of Saint Peter's New Kent County Virginia

Do any of these people fit in our tree?

John, son of Peter Elmore, born Janry. 22d, 1724-5.

Peter, son of Peter Elmore, born October ye 9th, 1726.

Sarah Daughter of Wm. Elmore born May ye 17th, 1727.

Anne, ye daughter of Thos. Evans, born July ye 3rd, 1727.

Charles ye son of Thos. Edwards born Janry 26, 1726-7.

Lucy the Daughter of Wm. & Elizth Elmore born Augst 5 bap.  
7br 7, 1729.

Lucy the Daughter of Wm. & Eliza Ellmore.

Billey a negro boy belonging to Maj. Jno. Custis born Apl. 1st,  
1727 and Dyed Apl. ye 15th, 1727.

Nanny a negro belonging to Richd Crump born March 20th,  
1728-9.

Mary ye Daughter of Auther Crew born April ye 11th, 1727.

Ann Crew and Jesse Henly had the following children:

- i. Isabel Henly<sup>17</sup> was born on 12 Sep 1763 in Pasquotank Co, NC<sup>41</sup>. She died on 11 Dec 1826 in Randolph Co., NC<sup>41</sup>.

Notes for Isabel Henly:

John Clark's List of Taxable for the year 1803 (Captain Redding's District) from  
Raleigh Library 1998:

Jediah Husse for Isabella Henley 772 ac

2. ii. John Henley<sup>15-17</sup> was born on 27 Dec 1766 in Rowan County, NC<sup>9, 18-19</sup>. He died on Prior to Feb 24 1834 in Back Creek, Randolph Co, NC (Hales said he died 1842.). He married Keziah Nixon on 21 Sep 1788 in Little River MH, Perquimans NC<sup>3, 20-22</sup>. She was born on 18 Mar 1760 in Perquimans Co, NC<sup>25</sup>. She died on 10 Apr 1844 in Randolph Co, NC<sup>11, 26</sup>.
- iii. Millicent Henly<sup>18, 42-43</sup> was born on 12 Feb 1769 in Guilford Co, NC<sup>41</sup>. She died on 27 Dec 1851 in Guilford Co, NC (She was a Quaker elder for 36 years<sup>41, 44</sup>). She married Phineas Nixon II on 16 Sep 1787. He was born on 04 Apr 1763. He died on 20 Nov 1837<sup>42, 44</sup>.

Notes for Phineas Nixon II:

Encyclopedia of American Quaker Genealogy

[p.93] BIRTH AND DEATH RECORDS

page 110

Phineas b. 4- 4-1763.

-----  
From Randolph Co Genealogical Journal, Spring 1994:

This is another huge file and includes the estates of Phineas Sr. and Jr. I have separated them as best I could. Sr. comes first.

Phineas Nixon left a will dated 12 April 1836. Mentioned are wife Milicent, sons Phineas, Gabriel, Zechariah, Barnabas, John, Henley, Jesse & son Thomas, dec'd.

---

Daus. Mary, Millicent, & dau. Nancy, dec'd. Nephew Thos. J. Henley.

Inventory May 1838 and account of sales, 28 Dec. 1837. Buyers include: P.N. James, Zachariah & Henley Nixon, John Henley, Joshua Pool, Nathan Little, Peter Dicks, James Procter, Joseph Cosand, Watson Petty, Simon Jones, H.B. Hale, Dan'l Bulla, R. Lamb, Micajah Hill, Sampson glen, Thos. Winslow, Odum Gibson, Wm. Coltrane, Alexander Gray.

Account of sales sold 23 March 1838, Phineas and Barnaby Nixon, exec. Buyers: Joseph Cosand, Milliscent, Jachariah & P.M. Nixon, Joseph Conner, Nathan Newby, Ed. (Gravings?), Watson Petty, James Procter.  
Account of sales sold 28 Dec. 1837, 4 Jan. 1838 and 23 Mar 1838, and inventory of books. (Booklet is about 18 pp.)  
Executors account 1837-1852 (about 9-11 pp.)

Receipt for P. Nixon, Sr. subscription to the Raleigh Register, 1 Dec 1838.  
Numerous other receipts are in file.  
Accounts with Robt. Walker, 1823-35 and Z. Nixon.  
Oath, 28 Aug 1838 of Jesse Hinshaw that P. Nixon sold him wheat but didn't deliver it all before his death.

Letter, Baileydale, NC 13 May 1843. Phineas Nixon, exec. of P. Nixon to friend Sam'l Christian. Says his brother Barnabas, co-exec. "is opposed to giving thee fifty dollars for they quit claim to the Long Creek land belong to sd. estate, but as he is my junior he leaves me at liberty to do...as I may choose." Land in Tanley Co. (was sold for taxes).

Ct. of Pleas and Qtr. Sessions, Spring term 1848. Sam'l H. Christian vs. B. Nixon & Simon Jones, admr. of Phineas Nixon, Jr., dec'd. Christian is suing for the quit claim mentioned in above letter.

Letter, Baileydale, Randolph Co., NC, 1 March 1844. To "friend" from Phineas Nixon. Says Phineas & Barnabas are sick with influenza so brother Henley will go take notice of postponement of sale of land till the 12th. Robt. Murdock of this co. who has lately been at the state gold mine says he'll forbid sale but "he frequently acts very foolishly...has no just...claim to the land." Turner Harris orig. agent, then at this death Arthur Harris. This letter gives the history of the land.

Note 11 June 1839 to exec. from Z. Nixon.  
Warrant for Zachariah Nixon (plea of debt) to answer B. Nixon, surviving exec., May 1846.

-----  
Randolph Co. Genealogical Journal Fall 1995 - page 46, Feb 1836:  
Names "Phinihas Nixon, Jr. guardian of heirs of Thomas Nixon"

- iv. Jesse Henly Jr.<sup>17-18</sup> was born on 16 Aug 1770 in Randolph Co., NC<sup>35, 45</sup>. He died on 25 Nov 1829 in Clark Co., IN<sup>38, 46</sup>. He married Catherine Fouts in 1793 in Randolph Co, NC<sup>35</sup>. She was born on 24 Oct 1773 in Guilford Co, NC<sup>38</sup>. She died on 12 Mar 1806<sup>35, 47</sup>. He married Mary Bower on 29 Jan 1807<sup>48</sup>.

Notes for Jesse Henly Jr.:  
Moved to Ohio, then to Indiana.

Find A Grave:  
BIRTH 1770  
DEATH 27 Nov 1829 (aged 58-59)  
BURIAL  
Bower-Work Cemetery  
Clark County, Indiana, USA

---

PLOT southwest corner  
MEMORIAL ID 21951968

- v. Gabriel Henly was born on 11 Jun 1772<sup>41</sup>. He died on 22 Oct 1777<sup>41</sup>.

Notes for Gabriel Henly:

Cranford Collection says Gabriel married Mary Bundy, but Cranford has LOTS of errors, though this comes from Randolph Co Historical Society.

- vi. Agatha Henly was born on 08 May 1774 in Rowan Co, NC. She died in Jun 1848 in Randolph Co., NC<sup>41</sup>. She married Judiah Hussey. He was born in Of Guilford Co..
- vii. Stephen Henly<sup>17-18</sup> was born on 14 Jan 1776 in Rowan Co, NC<sup>41</sup>. He died on 10 Sep 1820 in Randolph Co., NC<sup>41, 49</sup>. He married Anna Pearson on 29 Sep 1798 in Randolph Co, NC<sup>41</sup>. She died on 07 Jun 1798<sup>50</sup>.

Notes for Stephen Henly:

Randolph Co. State archives, papers of Obidiah Small:

Petition of Stephen Henley to build a grist mill on his land which adjoins the Uarie River on the south side and the north side of the river adjoins the estate of Obidiah Small, 6 Oct. 1804. Reply tot he petition -- land to be laid off, no date.

6. **Phineas Nixon** <sup>51-52</sup>, son of Zachariah N. Nixon and Elizabeth Symons, was born on 07 Jan 1710 in Pasquotank, North Carolina, USA (Document clearly reads 5th month<sup>24, 27, 53</sup>). He died on 28 Dec 1771 in Perquimans Co, NC<sup>22, 24</sup>. He married **Mary Pierce** on 02 May 1740 (Mary Pierce left Perquimans to marry Phineas Nixon, per Piney Woods, Perquiman MM minutes.).
7. **Mary Pierce**<sup>3, 27</sup>, daughter of Thomas Pierce and Mary Copeland, was born on 23 Oct 1722<sup>27</sup>. She died on 01 Jan 1790 in NC<sup>27</sup>.

Notes for Phineas Nixon I:

These are the Family Tree Maker Notes Pages of Lyford Hale (lyfordhale at icloud dot com):

Phineas, Phinehas, Phineus

***Did Phineas marry Mary Newby before he married Mary Pierce, as some unsourced records tell us?*** Some researchers say he did. Here's what the Quaker records show: On 6 Nov 1730, Phinehas Nixon and Mary Trotter (Trotor, Trottor) appeared at Perquimans MM to announce their intention to marry., as per Perquimans MM minutes. I did not find an announcement of the actual marriage.

Perquimans MM minutes of 4 April 1740 state that **Phineas Nixon and Mary Pierce** appeared and "laid their intentions of marriage and **Joseph Willson and Mary Newby** appeared and laid their intentions of taking each other in marriage." Perhaps some researchers read the document incorrectly and mixed Phineas Nixon with Mary Newby. Phineas and "Mary Peirce" (spelling as per the doc) were approved to marry at MM 2 May 1740.

Later in the Perquimans MM minutes, I found that a Josiah Nixon married a Mary Newby in 1810 (Springfield MM, Guilford NC). Nowhere have I found the record of a marriage between a Mary Newby and Phineas Nixon.

Phineas's will is listed in the North Carolina Will Abstracts, 1760-1800, page 251. It was proved in 1772.

#### **Misc Records:**

Encyclopedia of American Quaker Genealogy  
[p.34] MINUTES AND MARRIAGE RECORDS  
page 65

1739, 4, 6. Zachariah Nixon, Sr. made guardian to Thomas Pierce, orphan of John, dec, to ye land & plantation on which Dammaras Ratliff lived, lying on the north side of Perquimans River, joining the land of Thomas Jessop & Joseph Ratliff.

Encyclopedia of American Quaker Genealogy  
[p.34] MINUTES AND MARRIAGE RECORDS



Mary Pierce and Phineas Nixon I had the following children:

- i. Rebeckah Nixon<sup>53</sup> was born on 27 Apr 1741. She died on 21 Feb 1774<sup>22</sup>.
- ii. Thomas Nixon<sup>53</sup> was born on 12 Feb 1745. He died on 02 Nov 1771<sup>24</sup>. He married Sarah Smith on 13 Mar 1768 in Pasquotank Co, NC.
- iii. Sarah Nixon<sup>53</sup> was born on 17 Dec 1746 (1746/47 is what is on the Quaker document). She married Benjamin Albertson on 19 Oct 1773<sup>54</sup>.
- iv. Peirce Nixon<sup>22, 24, 55</sup> was born on 20 May 1749 in Pasquotank Co, NC<sup>22</sup>. He married Peninah Smith on 16 Dec 1770.

Notes for Peirce Nixon:

A Peirce Nixon was born to Joseph and Elizabeth Nixon 13 Jun 1795 in Pasquotank, NC. Obviously not our guy.

- v. Barnaby Nixon<sup>24</sup> was born on 23 Nov 1751.
- vi. Jemima Nixon<sup>24, 56</sup> was born on 06 Feb 1755. She married John Trueblood.
- vii. Hannah Nixon<sup>24</sup> was born on 23 Sep 1757.
3. viii. Keziah Nixon<sup>15, 23-24</sup> was born on 18 Mar 1760 in Perquimans Co, NC<sup>25</sup>. She died on 10 Apr 1844 in Randolph Co, NC<sup>11, 26</sup>. She married John Henley on 21 Sep 1788 in Little River MH, Perquimans NC<sup>3, 20-22</sup>. He was born on 27 Dec 1766 in Rowan County, NC<sup>9, 18-19</sup>. He died on Prior to Feb 24 1834 in Back Creek, Randolph Co, NC (Hales said he died 1842.).
- ix. Phineas Nixon II<sup>17-18, 24, 42</sup> was born on 04 Apr 1763. He died on 20 Nov 1837<sup>42, 44</sup>. He married Millicent Henly on 16 Sep 1787. She was born on 12 Feb 1769 in Guilford Co, NC<sup>41</sup>. She died on 27 Dec 1851 in Guilford Co, NC (She was a Quaker elder for 36 years<sup>41, 44</sup>).

Notes for Phineas Nixon II:

Encyclopedia of American Quaker Genealogy

[p.93] BIRTH AND DEATH RECORDS

page 110

Phineas b. 4- 4-1763.

-----  
From Randolph Co Genealogical Journal, Spring 1994:

This is another huge file and includes the estates of Phineas Sr. and Jr. I have separated them as best I could. Sr. comes first.

Phineas Nixon left a will dated 12 April 1836. Mentioned are wife Millicent, sons Phineas, Gabriel, Zechariah, Barnabas, John, Henley, Jesse & son Thomas, dec'd. Daus. Mary, Millicent, & dau. Nancy, dec'd. Nephew Thos. J. Henley.

Inventory May 1838 and account of sales, 28 Dec. 1837. Buyers include: P.N. James, Zachariah & Henley Nixon, John Henley, Joshua Pool, Nathan Little, Peter Dicks, James Procter, Joseph Cosand, Watson Petty, Simon Jones, H.B. Hale, Dan'l Bulla, R. Lamb, Micajah Hill, Sampson glen, Thos. Winslow, Odum Gibson, Wm. Coltrane, Alexander Gray.

Account of sales sold 23 March 1838, Phineas and Barnaby Nixon, exec. Buyers: Joseph Cosand, Milliscent, Jachariah & P.M. Nixon, Joseph Conner, Nathan Newby, Ed. (Gravings?), Watson Petty, James Proctor.

Account of sales sold 28 Dec. 1837, 4 Jan. 1838 and 23 Mar 1838, and inventory of books. (Booklet is about 18 pp.)

Executors account 1837-1852 (about 9-11 pp.)

Receipt for P. Nixon, Sr. subscription to the Raleigh Register, 1 Dec 1838.

---

Numerous other receipts are in file.  
Accounts with Robt. Walker, 1823-35 and Z. Nixon.  
Oath, 28 Aug 1838 of Jesse Hinshaw that P. Nixon sold him wheat but didn't deliver it all before his death.

Letter, Baileydale, NC 13 May 1843. Phineas Nixon, exec. of P. Nixon to friend Sam'l Christian. Says his brother Barnabas, co-exec. "is opposed to giving thee fifty dollars for they quit claim to the Long Creek land belong to sd. estate, but as he is my junior he leaves me at liberty to do...as I may choose." Land in Tanley Co. (was sold for taxes).

Ct. of Pleas and Qtr. Sessions, Spring term 1848. Sam'l H. Christian vs. B. Nixon & Simon Jones, admr. of Phineas Nixon, Jr., dec'd. Christian is suing for the quit claim mentioned in above letter.

Letter, Baileydale, Randolph Co., NC, 1 March 1844. To "friend" from Phineas Nixon. Says Phineas & Barnabas are sick with influenza so brother Henley will go take notice of postponement of sale of land till the 12th. Robt. Murdock of this co. who has lately been at the state gold mine says he'll forbid sale but "he frequently acts very foolishly...has no just...claim to the land." Turner Harris orig. agent, then at this death Arthur Harris. This letter gives the history of the land.

Note 11 June 1839 to exec. from Z. Nixon.  
Warrant for Zachariah Nixon (plea of debt) to answer B. Nixon, surviving exec., May 1846.

-----  
Randolph Co. Genealogical Journal Fall 1995 - page 46, Feb 1836:  
Names "Phinihas Nixon, Jr. guardian of heirs of Thomas Nixon"

---

#### Generation 4

8. **John Henley I**<sup>57-58</sup>, son of Patrick Henley and Sarah Mayo, was born about 1694 in Pasquotank, NC. He died on 30 Apr 1728 in Pasquotank, County of Albemarle, NC<sup>3, 59-60</sup>. He married **Isabell Newby** on 09 Nov 1716 in Married at the house of Gabriel Newby, the bride's father, Pasquotank, NC<sup>48, 61-62</sup>.
9. **Isabell Newby**<sup>57, 62</sup>, daughter of Gabriel Newby and Mary Toms, was born on 28 Oct 1697<sup>62</sup>. She died on 03 Aug 1758<sup>62</sup>.

Notes for John Henley I:

These are the Family Tree Maker Notes Pages of Lyford Hale (lyfordhale at icloud dot com):

1715 -- Marian Goodwell's book, "Our Henley Grandfathers," shows a land patent for "John Henley, 15 Aug. 1715." The land was on "Newbegun Creek, joining ye Creek Pocoson, a Bridge, Edward Mayo, his line, his head line, his old line, and ye meanders of ye creek."

1716 -- Quaker records:

John Henley carried his certificate to marry from his meeting in Pasquotank to Isabel's (Newby) in meeting in Perquimans. John was an active member of Pasquotank MM. Meetings were often held at his house.

1716, 11, 9. John of Pasquotank in the County of Albemarle married Zibell (Isabel) Newby, at dwelling house of Gabriel Newby (Print of the actual handwritten page 83 from MM records is very hard to read. Mentions John and Isabel in Oct and then they are approved to marry in November of 1716 - See the printed page)

1726-28 -- NC abstract of Wills 1690-1760:

page 161

Henley, John Pasquotank Co

March 21, 1726/27. July Court, 1728. Sons: John ('my plantation'), Jesse. Daughters: Mary, Miriam and Elizabeth. Wife and executrix: Isabell. Executor: John Henley (son). Witnesses: Daniel

---

Guthrie and Isaiah Culbertson. Clerk of the Court R. Everard.

The Cranford collection, Forsyth Co. Public Library, Winston-Salem, NC, says this couple had a child named William, but does not list Jesse.

Marian Henley Goodwell Collection, Identifier: FMS-91  
Located at the archives of the Lilly Library at Earlham College in Indiana.

Research notes in several areas of the Goodwell Collection state that Patrick Henley sailed with William Penn on the "Welcome" to the American Colonies in 1682. (Note: The Welcome Society does not list him) . Advertising and newspaper articles celebrated Micajah Henley, the "Roller Skate King" who held multiple US patents and sold neighbor Wilbur Wright his first bicycle on a payment plan.

Isabell Newby and John Henley I had the following children:

- i. John Henley II<sup>48, 57, 62-63</sup> was born on 07 Nov 1717 in Pasquotank Co., NC<sup>62</sup>. He died on 10 Jul 1753 in Pasquotank Co., NC<sup>18, 64</sup>. He married Mary Jordan on 08 Feb 1740 in Pasquotank Co, NC<sup>48, 62</sup>. She was born in 1724. She died on 30 Sep 1795 in This date may be in error. It's same as Mary Albertson Henley.<sup>61</sup>

Notes for John Henley II:

John and Mary were faithful members of the Society of Friends. Goodwell says Mary is the oldest child and does not list Jesse. She says Jesse was the brother of John Henley I. Likewise, John's will does not mention Jesse, but does specify "between his widow and four children," then names them: Mary, John, Joseph and Millicent.

from NC Abstract of Wills 1690-1760:

Henley, John Pasquotank Co

June 3, 1753. April Court, 1754. Sons: John and Joseph ("my plantation to be divided among them"). Wife and executrix: Mary. Executors: John Henley (son) and Joseph Jordan (brother-in-law). Witnesses: Leml Cook, Elizabeth Brothers. Clerk of the Court: Thomas Taylor.

Notes for Mary Jordan:

Encyc of Amer Quaker Gen., Hinshaw, Vol 1, shows Mary, wife of John Sr, died 9-30-1795.

- ii. Mary Henley<sup>48, 62</sup> was born on 21 Nov 1719 in Pasquotank Co, NC. She married Robert Ricks in 1738.
- iii. Miriam Henley<sup>48, 62</sup> was born on 18 Dec 1721 in Pasquotank Co, NC. She died in Dec 1734<sup>65</sup>.
- iv. Elizabeth Henley<sup>48, 62</sup> was born on 12 Jun 1724 in Pasquotank Co, NC. She died on 05 Jul 1728<sup>66</sup>.
4. v. Jesse Henly<sup>26, 34-36</sup> was born about 1725 in Pasquotank Co, NC. He died on 07 Jun 1801 in Randolph Co., NC (or died July 13, as per Henley Eversole)<sup>37-39</sup>. He married Ann Crew on 17 Jan 1763 in Black Creek Meeting, VA. She was born in 1735<sup>9</sup>. She died in 1813 in Randolph Co., NC<sup>9</sup>. He married Mary Sarah Jones on 05 Oct 1750 in Perquimans Co, NC<sup>26</sup>. She was born in 1729 in Perquimans Co, NC (Records show Mary and Sarah - Believe they are the same person). She died about 1761 in Pasquotank Co, NC.

10. **John Crew**<sup>67</sup>.

John Crew had the following child:

- 
5. i. Ann Crew<sup>9, 40</sup> was born in 1735<sup>9</sup>. She died in 1813 in Randolph Co., NC<sup>9</sup>. She married Jesse Henly on 17 Jan 1763 in Black Creek Meeting, VA. He was born about 1725 in Pasquotank Co, NC. He died on 07 Jun 1801 in Randolph Co., NC (or died July 13, as per Henley Eversole)<sup>37-39</sup>. She married Joshua Pretlow on 02 Jun 1753 in Married in home of her father, John Crew, in Charles City Co, VA<sup>68-70</sup>. He was born in 1719<sup>71</sup>. He died in 1761 in Sussex Co, VA, will probated 1762<sup>71-72</sup>.
12. **Zachariah N. Nixon**<sup>24, 27, 53, 73</sup>, son of Zacharias Nixon and Elizabeth Page, was born on 22 Mar 1684 (Or Zacharias). He died on 12 Aug 1739<sup>24</sup>. He married **Elizabeth Symons**.
13. **Elizabeth Symons**<sup>27, 53</sup>, daughter of Thomas Symons and Rebecca Symons, was born about 1690<sup>24</sup>. She died on 27 Aug 1725.

Notes for Zachariah N. Nixon:

These are the Family Tree Maker notes of Lyford Hale, lyfordhale at icloud dot com

1681 -- His parents are Zacharias and Elezabeath Page Nixon, as per U.S. Encyc. of Amer Quaker Genealogy, Vol I, Pasquotank MM records, page 155? Zacharias was "of the county of Notingham, in the Parish of North Masrom (?)" and was born 2 May 1681 (Other Quaker Records indicate he was born 22 May 1684. LH uses the latter date because it is the one found in the handwritten Quaker Records, rather than in Hinshaws extracts.)

1739 -- Encyclopedia of American Quaker Genealogy  
[p.93] BIRTH AND DEATH RECORDS  
page 110  
Zachariah Nixon d. 8-12-1739, in his 56th yr.

1739 -- Encyclopedia of American Quaker Genealogy  
p34, Minutes and Marriage Records  
Page 65

1739, 4, 6. Zachariah Nixon, Sr. made guardian to Thomas Pierce orphan of John, de. to ye land and planttion on which Dammaris Ratliff lived, lying on the north side of Perquimans River, joining the land of Thomas Jessop and Joseph Ratliff.

The Pierce and Ratliff (Ratliff) families are related to the Nixons by marriage.

Elizabeth Symons and Zachariah N. Nixon had the following children:

- i. John Nixon<sup>67</sup> was born on 18 Oct 1708 (Possibly in Pasquotank, NC). He married Elizabeth Newby on 10 Jul 1729 in At the house of Gabriel Newby, Perquimans, NC<sup>67</sup>. She died on 10 Jul 1730 in Pasquotank MM, N.C.<sup>67</sup>. He married Elizabeth Moore on 15 Apr 1732<sup>67</sup>. She died on 04 Dec 1734 in Pasquotank Co, NC<sup>67</sup>. He married Mary Everigin. She died on 12 Oct 1738<sup>67</sup>. He married Dorithy. She was born (Or Doroty, as per Encyc Amer Quaker Genealogy Vol 1). She died on 28 Feb 1752 in Pasquotank Co, NC<sup>67</sup>.

Notes for John Nixon:

These are the Family Tree Maker notes of Lyford Hale, lyfordhale at icloud dot com

Quaker records show John, son of Zacharih, or John Nixon (no reference to father) marrying three women, though he married four. He had no children by wife one, one by wife two, one by wife three and four by wife four.

Encyc of Amer Quaker Genealogy Vol 1 Supplement, Perquimans MM additons:  
15 April 1732, John, s Zacharih, Perquimans in N.C.; m Elizabeth Moore, at Upper MH  
Pasquotank MM minutes indicate she was the dau of William More (as spelled in the doc)

The dates indicate he married Elizabeth Newby in 1730 and she died in 1731. Then he married Elizabeth Moore in 1732. And He married "Dorithy" sometime after that.

6. ii. Phineas Nixon I<sup>51-52</sup> was born on 07 Jan 1710 in Pasquotank, North Carolina, USA (Document clearly reads 5th month<sup>24, 27, 53</sup>). He died on 28 Dec 1771 in Perquimans

---

Co, NC<sup>22, 24</sup>. He married Mary Trotter on 09 Dec 1731 in Perquimans Co, NC (06 Nov 1730 they announced intention to marry<sup>74</sup>). He married Mary Pierce on 02 May 1740 (Mary Pierce left Perquimans to marry Phineas Nixon, per Piney Woods, Perquiman MM minutes.). She was born on 23 Oct 1722<sup>27</sup>. She died on 01 Jan 1790 in NC<sup>27</sup>.

- iii. Zachariah Nixon<sup>53</sup> was born on 15 Apr 1713. He died about 1752. He married Elizabeth.

Notes for Zachariah Nixon:

Is this the Zachariah Nixon whose will was probated between 1752 and 1756, in Pasquotank, NC?

Based on the court records, this one died 1752. He was a mill owner in Nixon town, in NC. He also had extensive land holdings, including the land where his Grandfather was buried, which he leaves to his son Zachariah.

- iv. Rebeckah Nixon<sup>53</sup> was born on 11 Jun 1715. She married Toms.
- v. Mary Nixon<sup>53</sup> was born on 25 May 1717.
- vi. Elizabeth Nixon<sup>53</sup> was born on 23 Apr 1720. She married an unknown spouse on 01 Jan 1716.
- vii. Barnaby Nixon<sup>53</sup> was born on 28 Feb 1724 (Also spelled Barnabe).

- 14. **Thomas Pierce**<sup>27</sup>. He married **Mary Copeland**.

- 15. **Mary Copeland**<sup>27</sup>.

Mary Copeland and Thomas Pierce had the following child:

- 7. i. Mary Pierce<sup>3, 27</sup> was born on 23 Oct 1722<sup>27</sup>. She died on 01 Jan 1790 in NC<sup>27</sup>. She married Phineas Nixon I on 02 May 1740 (Mary Pierce left Perquimans to marry Phineas Nixon, per Piney Woods, Perquiman MM minutes.). He was born on 07 Jan 1710 in Pasquotank, North Carolina, USA (Document clearly reads 5th month<sup>24, 27, 53</sup>). He died on 28 Dec 1771 in Perquimans Co, NC<sup>22, 24</sup>. She married William Trotter.

---

### Generation 5

- 16. **Patrick Henley**<sup>57, 59</sup> was born before 1642 in England (or Ireland). He died on 28 Feb 1698 (Friends Burying Ground, Philadelphia, PA<sup>3, 48, 59</sup>). He married **Sarah Mayo** about 1692.

- 17. **Sarah Mayo**<sup>57, 59</sup>, daughter of Edward Mayo and Sarah Maggs, was born about 1668. She died before 1729<sup>34</sup>.

Notes for Patrick Henley:

These are the Family Tree Maker Notes Pages of Lyford Hale (lyfordhale at icloud dot com):

Note: Research isn't necessarily correct because someone has collected a large mass of data or been published in a state historical society journal. Read and compare the following data carefully and you'll see what I mean:

From Asheboro, NC, Public Library, Barbara Grigg Collection, comes a letter written March 27, 1974 to Barbara Grigg (a very thorough Henley researcher) by Marian Henley Goodwell (Mrs. Kenneth A. Goodwell, 206 Henley Road South, Richmond, Indiana 47374, Oct 1988. Goodwell, was the author of "Our Henley Grandfathers." She is the person referred to in #2. Copied below is "a progress report" of her research, followed by excerpts from her book:

Goodwell writes in her letter to Grigg: "Most of the established dates (I present) are from Quaker Records. A 'headright claim' made by Patrick in 1693/94 names his deceased wife as Mary, and lists but one daughter, Mary (born to Patrick and Mary Henley). Therefore, Elizabeth and John were probably children of Sarah, to whom Patrick was married by 1693/94.

Anne's birth date is from a Quaker Record and all the children are associated with Sarah, widow of Patrick, in later records. [LH note: Anne Henley was the third child of Patrick and Sarah Mayo Henley.]

---

The earliest record which could refer to Patrick is found in Hathaway -- the death of a 'Mr. Henley,' 9.4.1691. This could logically refer to his first wife and be a mistake in copying or recording.

A North Carolina Higher Court Record shows a debt Patrick owed 'to your wife's funeral, to the trouble of you and your wife's sickness, to paling your wife's grave.' The debt was to Francis Heartly whose will was probated 5.2.1692, so the debt had to be incurred before that date, while Heartly was still living.

"The two volumes of North Carolina High Court Records give us a wealth of references to Patrick. On 7.10.1692 he was sued by Henry Jenkins, and in 1693 by Joseph Hallett. He served as a juror 3 times in 1693, 3 times in 1694, 3 times in 1695, and once in 1696. Beginning 2.6.1694 Sarah is mentioned as his wife, and many times thereafter, usually in connection with suits brought against them concerning her former husband, John Culpepper. In 1694 Patrick petitioned for ownership of the plantation on which he lived. In 1695 he was appointed auditor of the estate of Adam Gamball, mariner. Other suits in 1693 and also in 1697-98 would seem to indicate his knowledge of ships and sailing. One document mentions him as Master of the 'Jane & Sarah,' a vessel sailing from North Carolina in 1698. On 7.24.1696 Patrick gave Daniel Akehurst, a prominent resident, his power of attorney, and appears then to have removed with his family 'from this Government' to Philadelphia.

"Patrick's will was made the same day in July, 1696, in Albemarle, N.C., leaving his estate to his wife unless she 'die before her return from this voyage,' then naming his children including 'to child wife now goes with'. Since Anne was not born until 1698, Sarah probably lost the baby mentioned in the will. Alternatively, the dates may be confusing because of a mixing of old-style calendar dates with new-style dates.

"A Philadelphia record shows Patrick paid rent (tax) there in 1697 or 1698. Also in Philadelphia his wife, Sarah, settled three debts after his death, for 100 Pds., 12 Pds. and 85 Pds. A Quaker record in Philadelphia establishes Patrick's death - a record of his burial copied into 'an account of the Burialls of such as are not friends within this Town of Philadelphia - the record of friends being distinctly taken in another place of this Book.' Date 2.28.1698.

"Patrick's will was administered by Sarah in Philadelphia 5.20.1698. Since she was living, his property would have all gone to her, including his 'estate either in Europe or America.' There also exists in Philadelphia a partial inventory of his possessions taken after his death, dated 4.20.1698 ...

"A 1698 or 1699 land survey petition in North Carolina indicates Patrick's heirs did own land in North Carolina. If Sarah made a trip to England concerning property there, no record it has been found.

"Two 1694 court records in N.C. identify him 'Patrick Henley of Precinct of Pasquotank.' In 1696 the power of attorney action is from 'Patrick Henley of Roanoke.' (Roanoke was a contemporary name for Edenton in Chowan County.)

"From the above facts we might assume that Patrick Henley was a man of some resources - an estate in Europe as well as America, land owned in Pasquotank and Chowan Counties, debts incurred, and debts paid, Master of a sailing vessel. Most of our information about him is after he was married to Sarah and there is always the possibility that the money and property were hers. John Culpepper was the son of an established family and no doubt left his wife some property. We also know Patrick was not a Friend at his death, though his wife, Sarah, was from a Quaker family, and all his children were Friends later. He sailed at least one ship and other records show further knowledge of and traffic with mariners and shipping. He was living in North Carolina in the Albemarle region by 1692, removed to Philadelphia in 1696 and died there in 1698.

"The Albemarle region of North Carolina was sparsely settled at that time. There were no villages or settlements - just 'landings,' swamps and some cleared 'plantations'. Transportation would have been principally by boat so knowledge of the sea and ships would have been normal. It was a barter society with tobacco the most valuable currency, and corn and potatoes also being important crops. One debt Patrick was to pay in 'wheat at the next ensuing crop'. Marriages were early and remarriages quick, for it was unsafe for single women. It is likely that to serve as juror in the Court,

---

as Patrick did, one had to be a freeholder - own a certain amount of land. Although the Court records of him are over just a few years, that is perhaps because none, or very few, have survived from earlier years. Since dates are before 1752 when 'Old Style' changed to 'New Style', slight discrepancies may be due to this ..."

Untrue "Family traditions," as debunked by Goodwell, in her letter to Grigg:  
That Patrick sailed from England to America on the Welcome in 1682.  
His brother Robert Henley was Lord Chancellor of England.  
Patrick arrived in America in 1642.

Another tradition Goodwell mentions without comment as to accuracy: Patrick was thought to be Irish because of the red hair prominent in the family.

The following is from Goodwell's published book, "Our Henley Grandfathers":

"For Quakers, a forefather who arrived on the Welcome with William Penn is analogous to another's pride in being a Mayflower descendant. The Welcome Society, founded in 1906, has researched some 300 claimants and found only 60 likely to have actually come on the Welcome. Patrick is not even among the claimants and there seems to exist no evidence so far to support the family tradition.

"There is nothing in in early Philadelphia records to point to Patrick's presence there until 1697 or 1698, when he would have come from North Carolina. (LH note: This must have been written earlier than Goodwell's letter to Grigg. In her letter, Goodwell gives several citations of records that involve Patrick Henley in America as early as 1691.)

"Since many Albemarle families came first to Virginia and then travelled to North Carolina to settle where more land was being opened up and was available, one could consider that possibility with Patrick. Perhaps -and probably - by coincidence there are the following interesting facts: A Reynolds Henley settled in James City County, VA (the Williamsburg area) in 1661. There are records of just one son, Leonard, who remained there. He married an Elizabeth Richardson, and one of their grandsons was named Patrick. Our Patrick's will, 1696, was witnessed by a Stephen Richardson, and a Stephen Richardson the same day witnessed the court request Patrick made to give Daniel Akehurst power of attorney for him.

"There was also a Peter Henley who was Chief Justice of the Province of North Carolina in Edenton in 1757 (his death). His son John claimed land in England at 'Abbot's Wooton, Dorset.' An Esajah Henley was a legatee in a Chowan Precinct court case earlier.

"'Trueblood Family in America' says Patrick's sister, Ellinor, married Stephen Scott in Pennsylvania. They moved to Pasquotank Co., NC circa 1700 with Patrick's widow and children. There Stephen m/2 Elizabeth Jordan, and d. 1710. This seems to support the theory that Patrick came to Philadelphia first since he had a sister there.

"'History of Perquimans County' says Elizabeth Jordan, daughter of James and Elizabeth (Ratcliff) Jordan (who were m.1688), m. Stephen Scott of Pasquotank County, NC. This Elizabeth Jordan couldn't have been born before c1690, but could have been 15 by 1705 to marry Stephen Scott who first married Ellinor and who d. 1710.

"Mayo family records say Elizabeth, daughter of Edward Mayo and sister of Sarah, m/1 c1698 Stephen Scott who died in 1710. This could be Stephen Scott who m/1 Ellinor Henley, if the dates are somewhat wrong.

"Patrick's will, written in 1696, mentions brother-in-law Stephen Scott. Either Ellinor Henley or Elizabeth Mayo as Stephen's wife could make him brother-in-law to Patrick.

"To further complicate the situation, Patrick's 1696 will was witnessed by both Ellinor Scott and Elizabeth Scott in Albemarle, NC, and Ellinor Scott was present in 1698 when the will was administered in Philadelphia.

"This is a progress report written for the purpose of giving general information. It is not meant to include all the facts or to be specific in detail ... my purpose has been to summarize Patrick's story in narrative style, using sources generously shared with me by others ..."

---

Patrick spelled his name "Henly." Most after him used the "e."

"The earliest as yet discovered information about Patrick Henly places him in Barbados in 1686 when he and his wife Mary had their daughter Mary baptized in the Parish of St. Michael. The following year, on May 30th 1687,

Patrick Henly and Thomas Henly witnessed the will of a Henry Leeland of the town of St. Michaels. The Island of Barbados had been occupied by the British since 1605 and was a prosperous sugar-growing colony. It was a popular stop over for vessels sailing from England before they proceeded to the American coastal ports. As early as 1680 the Council and Assembly of Barbados petitioned the Lords of Trade and Plantations in England: 'People no longer come to Barbados, many having departed to Carolina, Jamaica, and the Leeward Islands in hope of settling the land which they cannot obtain here.' Patrick and Mary his wife were in Carolina by 1691, perhaps for this reason.

"Mary died in the Albemarle area of Carolina in what is now Pasquotank Co, NC. The date of September, 1691, is found in Hathaway, and it is confirmed by a debtor bill against Patrick filed later in the North Carolina courts:

- to your wife's funeral
- to the trouble of you and your wife's sickness
- to piling your wife's grave.

"Mary, wife of Patrick, is named in his headright claim. These claims were made for colonization purposes. A settler was entitled to fifty acres of land not only for himself but for each person whom he imported to Carolina. Patrick's list also included a second Mary Henley, his mother. This was not his daughter for children could not be named. Both Mary Henlys were also listed by a neighbor as 'Mr. Henly' wife and his mother,' confirming this explanation.

"With the use of the above record, we can assume that Patrick arrived in Carolina sometime between 1687 and 1691, with his wife, Mary, his small daughter, Mary, and his mother, Mary. Some family stories mention a sister, Ellinor Henly, who married Stephen Scott, but this is unlikely. The story persisted because Stephen Scott was named Patrick's brother-in-law in his will -- not because he was married to a mythical sister of Patrick, but because Patrick's second wife and Stephen's wife were sisters. Stephen had a sister, Ellinor Scott, who appears to have lived for a time in Patrick's household. Of such are the makings of 'traditions.'

"Family legends usually say that Patrick Henly came from England. 'Henley' is a common name in England. There is a city named 'Henley on Thames' and in Stratford on Avon, Shakespeare's birthplace, is on 'Henley Street.' Although Patrick was probably from England, the occasional legend that he came from Ireland is credible with such a given name.

"The far northeastern section of today's North Carolina where Patrick Henly lived was settled by trappers, traders and adventurers coming from Virginia beginning in the 1650's and 1660's. It was known first as Virginia's "Southern Plantation" and then as the "Albemarle." The government was in the hands of eight Lords Proprietors - absentee feudal landlords living in London. The settlers suffered under unfair laws and taxes as well as self-seeking appointed rulers and the early years of the colony were marked with disorders, confusion and violence. This area was referred to as North Carolina as distinguished from Charles Towne which was in South Carolina.

"Patrick Henly, since he brought his family with him, certainly came to Carolina seeking land and opportunity. He lived in Pasquotank County, along the broad Pasquotank River in the Newbegun Creek area south of the present day Elizabeth City. This was a sparsely settled area having no towns, no public buildings, no churches and only paths communicating and traveling almost entirely by water. The colony was remote from the rest of America, the route to the outside being through the dense and hazardous Great Dismal Swamp to the north or by sea to the east. Ships faced a difficult passage through a no longer existing inlet in the shifting sands of the Outer Banks into the Atlantic Ocean.

"Sometime near the end of the year 1692 or early in 1693 Patrick Henly 'Entermarried with' Sarah Mayo, widow of John Culpeper, a man whose name survives in history notorious for his



---

participation in Carolina's Culpeper Rebellion in 1678 and 'never in his element but whilst fishing in troubled waters.' Sarah was the daughter of Edward Mayo, a Justice and long-time Clerk of the Court and a prominent member of the Society of Friends (Quaker) in Pasquotank County, North Carolina.

"From the time of his marriage to the widow Culpeper, Patrick was involved in dozens of Court actions concerning his affairs. Most if not all of them were in defense of, or as a result of, his wife Sarah's inheritance from her late husband, John Culpeper. Patrick was named administrator for Thomas Clancy's estate because John Culpeper had been his 'greatest creditor.' He was issued a warrant for 1100 acres of land in Pasquotank County for which he used the 'headrights' of twenty-two persons all but four of whom may be traced to Sarah's inheritance from her first husband. ..."

---

1642 -- North Carolina Hist. Society, The Quarterly, June 1968, says Patrick came to America in 1642 and settled in Philadelphia. His tombstone bears the date of his death, 2-28-1698.

1662 -- The Cranford Collection, Forsyth Co. Public Library, Winston-Salem, NC, says Patrick came from England to Pennsylvania in 1682 with his wife, Sarah. (LH note - Some records have Mary Scott Henley living until 1691. If that's true, Patrick came to America with wife Mary, not wife Sarah.)

1682 -- Other papers that are part of the Cranford material say Patrick and Sarah came to Philadelphia with William Penn, Oct 20, 1682, on the Welcome. The Welcome Society does not list him. Cranford says Patrick's brother, Robert Henley, was Lord Chancellor of England in 1682. This too seems to be lacking proof and is likely not correct.

1686 -- According to Marian Henley Goodwell, whose documents are in the Cranford Collection, Patrick's first wife was Mary Scott, who gave birth to a daughter in 1686 (LH note: See following paragraphs. Also note that some records show his daughter Mary was born in 1679, though there is more evidence to support the later date).

1696 -- A Patrick Henley is shown in the 1696 census for Albemarle Co, NC,

1696 -- The Cranford Collection has a letter from "Mrs. Duncan," a genealogist and author, which quotes Patrick's will as stating: "I give unto the child that my wife now goes with all, if it be a boy two Negroes, if it be a girl one Negro, either boy or girl ..." so Sarah was pregnant in 1696. Mrs. Duncan says English records do not "uphold" the tradition that Robert Henley was Lord Chancellor of England.

1738 -- A Peter Henley came from London by authority of the British Government and was made Chief Justice of North Carolina. He died April 25, 1738 and was buried Edenton, NC. (LH note: Peter is mentioned in the Goodwell-Grigg info shown above.)

Follow up

From Lillie Swartz Henley: "Was browsing the Ships list under Ref. Penn archives 2:17 ships to Penn & Oaths of Alleg. 1727-1775 and found Patrick Henly sailed the Hope Sept. 23, 1734, master was Daniel Reid or Reed. from Rotterdam to Philadelphia. Says he was 21. That would make him born in 1713. Have not found anything like this before. Did you find the papers I asked about?"

GenealogyLibrary.com

Tennessee Cousins

Page 331

#### THE DEVELOPMENT OF THE HENLEY FAMILY IN VIRGINIA IN THE EARLY DAYS

It is impossible to give an accurate and detailed account of the earlier development of the HENLEY FAMILY in the Colony of Virginia, as it gradually established itself through the three original ancestors who appear on these early land records. Of the three HENLEYS mentioned in the early land records, evidence points to the THOMAS HENLEY as the ancestor of the family here being discussed.

---

THOMAS DODSON, who patented a tract of land in NORTHUMBERLAND COUNTY in 1650, claimed the headrights of 24 persons whom he was supposed to have brought into the colony. Among them were THOMAS HENLEY, and MARY LINTON, RICE JONES and RICHARD NEIMS. The location of his patent did not necessarily indicate or determine the location of the emigrants whose names were attached thereto. We know that Rice Jones and Richard Nelms (Neims?) located in Lancaster and Northumberland County where they are found long afterwards. We also KNOW that the LINTONS settled in Lower Norfolk, with MOSES LINTON, the head of the tribe; and since, also long afterwards. The Lower Norfolk records show plenty of HENLEYS there, we think it almost conclusive proof that since THOMAS HENLEY and MARY LINTON were on the same Dodson patent, the HENLEYS and LINTONS both settled in Lower Norfolk. This conclusion is borne out by later entries on the records.

NEIGHBORS of the HENLEYS and LINTONS in Norfolk were THOMAS BULLOCK and Ensign THOMAS KERLING (Wm. & Mary 25; page 36). KEKLING was 24 years old in 1637 and BULLOCK was 28 in 1640. Both were heads of families and had children. JOHN RICHARDSON, another of their neighbors was 20 years old 1640, RICHARD FLEMING settled on LITTLE ORK. in Lower Norfolk in 1643. (Nugent - p. 147.) By the end of the century, around 1700. We find the FLEMINGS, KEELINGS, RICHARDSONS and BULLOCKS all residing within the bounds of St. Peter's Parish in King & Queen County, showing an ?dus of all these families to that section of the colony, where they had taken up lands and established plantations. Meantime there had been intermarriages in these families, and in a generation or two we find them related. As for the HENLEYS, they multiplied and replenished, and the "LOWER NORFOLK ANTIQUARY" by James, shows numerous members of the HENLEY family still living in LOWER NORFOLK COUNTY for many generations, and among names borne by the family which appear on these records were CHARLES, JAMES, THOMAS, JOHN, JESSE and MOSES HENLEY. January 28, 1792, JAMES HEATH was married to SARAH HENLEY. The Heaths were related to CHRISTOPHER GARLINGTON, mentioned in the Dodson patent in 1650 with THOMAS HENLEY. The "Lower Norfolk Antiquary" shows the interesting item that one "URSULA HENLEY, was a witness in the famous "witch trial" of GRACE SHERWOOD, in PRINCES ANNE County (once a part of Lower Norfolk) in March, 1705-6."

GEORGE KEELING, called "Captain" on the New Kent Records, married URSULA FLEMING, and had a daughter URSULA KEELING. URSULA FLEMING, the daughter of CHARLES FLEMING, a generation later, married to TARLETON WOODSON, etc. LEONARD KEELING who appears in James City County in 1651/2 as a land owner, is believed by some to have been a brother of URSULA FLEMING and GEORGE KEELING. The KEELINGS picked up the name LEONARD, from their kinfolks and Lower Norfolk and Princess Anne neighbors, the HENLEYS - into which some of them had married - though we are unable to find the record of such a marriage. That it actually occurred is self-evident, in the light of the history of the several families thereafter. And so we conclude;

THOMAS HENLEY, who came to Lower Norfolk (or Princess Anne, which was once the same) married, possibly a Reynolds, daughter of KLIZA REYNOLDS (b. 1619) who was a widow and 41 years old in 1658. They had a son REYNOLDS HENLEY to whom a patent was issued in JAMES CITY COUNTY, which had been due by on assignment from THOMAS HOLLIDAY, who had come to NORTHUMBERLAND COUNTY with the HENLEY emigrants, as heretofore related.

Thereafter, on October 26, 1694, this Reynolds Henley land was patented to his son LEONARD HENLEY. And that is where our present HENLEY FAMILY of Virginia, begins.

This LEONARD HENLEY, who obtained his James City lands by patent in 1694, and/or his descendants shortly thereafter, probably removed to NEW KENT COUNTY, where they joined their relatives and former associates, the KEELINGS, BULLOCKS, FLEMINGS and RICHARDSONS, and there took on more kin -the DANDRIDGES. Page 331

Sarah Mayo and Patrick Henley had the following children:

8. i. John Henley <sup>157-58</sup> was born about 1694 in Pasquotank, NC. He died on 30 Apr 1728 in Pasquotank, County of Albemarle, NC<sup>3, 59-60</sup>. He married Isabell Newby on 09 Nov 1716 in Married at the house of Gabriel Newby, the bride's father, Pasquotank, NC<sup>48, 61-62</sup>. She was born on 28 Oct 1697<sup>62</sup>. She died on 03 Aug

---

1758<sup>62</sup>.

- ii. Elizabeth Henley<sup>48</sup> was born on 12 Jun 1695<sup>58</sup>. She died on 10 Mar 1719. She married William Everigin on 15 Sep 1711<sup>59</sup>.

Notes for Elizabeth Henley:

Goodwell says Elizabeth died 10-3-1720.

- iii. Anne Henley<sup>48, 59</sup> was born on 01 Jan 1698 in Philadelphia, PA<sup>59</sup>. She died about 1726<sup>59</sup>. She married William Newby Jr. on 16 Aug 1718<sup>26, 48</sup>. She married John Hollowell on 21 Nov 1720<sup>59</sup>.

Notes for Anne Henley:

Married first John Hollowell.

In the Marian Henley Goodwell book, it says an Anne Henley was born "posthumously 1-1-1698 to Patrick and Sarah. By this we take it to mean that Anne was born after her father's death, but her father died in February of that year.

Notes for William Newby Jr.:

Lived in Nanzemund Co. 1687.

18. **Gabriel Newby**<sup>57, 62, 75</sup>, son of William Newby and Isabel (Newby), was born about 1665 in Virginia<sup>62</sup>. He died on 25 Dec 1735<sup>62</sup>. He married **Mary Toms** on 01 Apr 1689 in At the house of Ann Nicholson, Perquimans Co, NC<sup>62</sup>.
19. **Mary Toms**<sup>57, 62</sup>, daughter of Francis Toms and Priscilla (Nicholson? Toms), was born on 27 Apr 1670<sup>62</sup>. She died on 26 Nov 1738<sup>62</sup>.

Notes for Gabriel Newby:

These are the Family Tree Maker notes of Lyford Hale, lyfordhale at icloud dot com

The Newbys were "second generation" Quakers in Carolina, Isabel's parents having been married in the same Meeting in 1689 -- Goodwell.

He was an early resident of Albemarle area of Carolina. He's called a wheelwright, but would have also farmed.

1700 -- Quakers at Perquimans MM were meeting at home of Gabriel Newby around 1700-01, as per the minutes

1730 -- Database: Full Context of Encyclopedia of American Quaker Genealogy, Vol. 1

Combined Matches:

Previous Page   Next Page

Encyclopedia of American Quaker Genealogy

[p.93] BIRTH AND DEATH RECORDS

page 109

Elizabeth Nixon (w. John, dt. Gabriel Newby, d. 7-10-1730, p. 147.)

Notes for Mary Toms:

Or Tomes

Mary Toms and Gabriel Newby had the following children:

9.
  - i. Isabell Newby<sup>57, 62</sup> was born on 28 Oct 1697<sup>62</sup>. She died on 03 Aug 1758<sup>62</sup>. She married John Henley I on 09 Nov 1716 in Married at the house of Gabriel Newby, the bride's father, Pasquotank, NC<sup>48, 61-62</sup>. He was born about 1694 in Pasquotank, NC. He died on 30 Apr 1728 in Pasquotank, County of Albemarle, NC<sup>3, 59-60</sup>. She married Benjamin Pritchard on 07 Jun 1729 in Pasquotank Co, NC.
  - ii. William Newby Jr.<sup>34, 59, 76</sup>. He married Anne Henley on 16 Aug 1718<sup>26, 48</sup>. She was born on 01 Jan 1698 in Philadelphia, PA<sup>59</sup>. She died about 1726<sup>59</sup>.

---

Notes for William Newby Jr.:  
Lived in Nanzemund Co. 1687.

Notes for Anne Henley:  
Married first John Hollowell.

In the Marian Henley Goodwell book, it says an Anne Henley was born "posthumously 1-1-1698 to Patrick and Sarah. By this we take it to mean that Anne was born after her father's death, but her father died in February of that year.

- iii. Mary Newby.
- iv. Elizabeth Newby. She died on 10 Jul 1730 in Pasquotank MM, N.C.<sup>67</sup>. She married John Nixon on 10 Jul 1729 in At the house of Gabriel Newby, Perquimans, NC<sup>67</sup>. He was born on 18 Oct 1708 (Possibly in Pasquotank, NC).

Notes for John Nixon:  
These are the Family Tree Maker notes of Lyford Hale, lyfordhale at icloud dot com

Quaker records show John, son of Zachariah, or John Nixon (no reference to father) marrying three women, though he married four. He had no children by wife one, one by wife two, one by wife three and four by wife four.

Encyc of Amer Quaker Genealogy Vol 1 Supplement, Perquimans MM additons:  
15 April 1732, John, s Zachariah, Perquimans in N.C.; m Elizabeth Moore, at Upper MH  
Pasquotank MM minutes indicate she was the dau of William More (as spelled in the doc)

The dates indicate he married Elizabeth Newby in 1730 and she died in 1731. Then he married Elizabeth Moore in 1732. And He married "Dorothy" sometime after that.

- v. Gabriel Newby.
24. **Zacharias Nixon**<sup>22, 24</sup>. He died on 03 Dec 1691 (He died "in the evening as the sun went down, and continued his testimony for God's truth to the end, and now is at rest with the faithful, where is soul's satisfaction."). He married **Elizabeth Page** on 02 Apr 1681 in Albemarle, NC, as per Quaker MM, Women's Minutes, Symonds Creek, Pasquotank, NC (Very hard to read the month on the original document, could be fourth or fifth month 1681<sup>22</sup>).
25. **Elizabeth Page**<sup>22</sup>, daughter of Isacke Page and Damaris Shattuck, was born about 1663. She died on 04 Oct 1726 (She was "aged about 63 years" when she died. Known as Elizabeth Nixon, Sr.<sup>24</sup>).

Notes for Zacharias Nixon:

Quaker record for Pasquotank, NC says Zacharias was the son of Zacharias, of the county of Nottingham, in the Parish of North Masrom (?). It appears that there are several men named Zacharias in this line.

Elizabeth Page and Zacharias Nixon had the following children:

- i. Damaris Nixon<sup>24</sup> was born on 08 Jun 1682.
- 12. ii. Zachariah N. Nixon<sup>24, 27, 53, 73</sup> was born on 22 Mar 1684 (Or Zacharias). He died on 12 Aug 1739<sup>24</sup>. He married Elizabeth Symons. She was born about 1690<sup>24</sup>. She died on 27 Aug 1725.
- iii. Barnabe Nixon<sup>24</sup> was born on 21 Nov 1686.
- iv. Francis Nixon<sup>24</sup> was born on 20 Aug 1689.
- v. Elizabeth Nixon. She married Joseph Newby on 01 Jan 1716 in Little River,

---

Caldwell, North Carolina, USA (At Little River Meeting House<sup>22</sup>).

26. **Thomas Symons**<sup>27</sup>. He married **Rebecca Symons**.

27. **Rebecca Symons**<sup>24, 27</sup>. She died on 27 Aug 1725<sup>24</sup>.

Rebecca Symons and Thomas Symons had the following child:

13. i. Elizabeth Symons<sup>27, 53</sup> was born about 1690<sup>24</sup>. She died on 27 Aug 1725. She married Zachariah N. Nixon. He was born on 22 Mar 1684 (Or Zacharias). He died on 12 Aug 1739<sup>24</sup>.

---

#### Generation 6

34. **Edward Mayo**<sup>57</sup> was born about 1650. He married **Sarah Maggs** on 02 Sep 1666 in parish church of Christ Church, in Barbados<sup>62</sup>.

35. **Sarah Maggs**<sup>57</sup>, daughter of George Maggs and Ann (Maggs), was born about 1645.

Notes for Edward Mayo:

According to H. Mark Whitely, the Mayos came to the U.S. from England via Barbados.

Edward was a long-time Clerk of the Court and prominent Quaker in Pasquotank Co., NC

Mayo was a Quaker. Goodwell says he appears to have left Barbados for Charlestowne in Carolina. Records show he and his wife owned 750 acres on the Ashley River in 1678. Edward arrived in Albemarle without a wife but with four children.

Patrick Henley and his wife Mary were in Barbados when the Mayos were there.

#### Follow up

Who is the Edward Mayo mentioned in Virginia Land Records, Broaderbuns CD, who was transported to Nansemond by Robert Bennett 1635? See page 553.

Sarah Maggs and Edward Mayo had the following children:

17. i. Sarah Mayo<sup>57, 59</sup> was born about 1668. She died before 1729<sup>34</sup>. She married Patrick Henley about 1692. He was born before 1642 in England (or Ireland). He died on 28 Feb 1698 (Friends Burying Ground, Philadelphia, PA<sup>3, 48, 59</sup>). She married John Culpepper on 23 Aug 1688<sup>59</sup>. She married Matthew Pritchard on 09 Mar 1699<sup>34, 59</sup>. She married Valentine Bird.
- ii. Edward Mayo<sup>62</sup> was born about 1676. He died on 16 Aug 1724.
- iii. Ann Mayo.
- iv. Elizabeth Mayo.

36. **William Newby**<sup>62</sup> was born in 1630. He died after 1704 in Carolina. He married **Isabel (Newby)**.

37. **Isabel (Newby)**<sup>62</sup>. She died in Virginia<sup>62</sup>.

Notes for William Newby:

Was from Nansemond County, VA

Isabel (Newby) and William Newby had the following children:

18. i. Gabriel Newby<sup>57, 62, 75</sup> was born about 1665 in Virginia<sup>62</sup>. He died on 25 Dec 1735<sup>62</sup>. He married Mary Toms on 01 Apr 1689 in At the house of Ann Nicholson, Perquimans Co, NC<sup>62</sup>. She was born on 27 Apr 1670<sup>62</sup>. She died on 26 Nov 1738<sup>62</sup>.
- ii. Edward Newby.
- iii. Thomas Newby.
- iv. John Newby.
- v. Nathan Newby.
- vi. Dorriithy Newby.

38. **Francis Toms**<sup>62</sup> was born about 1632. He married **Priscilla (Nicholson? Toms)**.

---

39. **Priscilla (Nicholson? Toms).**

Notes for Francis Toms:

Came from Virginia and were Quakers. Settled in Virginia at about age 16 or 17. Lived in Charles City County (now Prince George County) for nine years or until about 1658, then moved to Surry County VA. About 1664, at age 31 or 32, he moved to North Carolina

Priscilla (Nicholson? Toms) and Francis Toms had the following child:

19. i. Mary Toms<sup>57, 62</sup> was born on 27 Apr 1670<sup>62</sup>. She died on 26 Nov 1738<sup>62</sup>. She married Gabriel Newby on 01 Apr 1689 in At the house of Ann Nicholson, Perquimanns Co, NC<sup>62</sup>. He was born about 1665 in Virginia<sup>62</sup>. He died on 25 Dec 1735<sup>62</sup>.

50. **Isacke Page**<sup>24</sup>. He died (From the county of Albemarle<sup>22</sup>). He married **Damaris Shattuck**.

51. **Damaris Shattuck**.

Notes for Damaris Shattuck:

Damaris Shattuck Page (originally of Salem, Essex County, Massachusetts and Zacharias settled within the community of Little River, Pasquotank Monthly Meeting, North Carolina after 1659.

Damaris Shattuck and Isacke Page had the following child:

25. i. Elizabeth Page<sup>22</sup> was born about 1663. She died on 04 Oct 1726 (She was "aged about 63 years" when she died. Known as Elizabeth Nixon, Sr.<sup>24</sup>). She married Zacharias Nixon on 02 Apr 1681 in Albemarle, NC, as per Quaker MM, Women's Minutes, Symonds Creek, Pasquotank, NC (Very hard to read the month on the original document, could be fourth or fifth month 1681<sup>22</sup>). He was born (Name also spelled "Zachariah"). He died on 03 Dec 1691 (He died "in the evening as the sun went down, and continued his testimony for God's truth to the end, and now is at rest with the faithful, where is soul's satisfaction.").

---

**Generation 7**

70. **George Maggs**<sup>62</sup>. He married **Ann (Maggs)**.

71. **Ann (Maggs)**<sup>62</sup>.

Notes for George Maggs:

They were Quakers

Ann (Maggs) and George Maggs had the following child:

35. i. Sarah Maggs<sup>57</sup> was born about 1645. She married Edward Mayo on 02 Sep 1666 in parish church of Christ Church, in Barbados<sup>62</sup>. He was born about 1650.

---

**Sources**

- 1 Back Creek Friends Cemetery Burial Records, p38.
- 2 Encyclopedia of American Quaker Genealogy Vol 1, P718. 1835, 5, 27. Sarah Hale (form Henley) rpd mou.
- 3 See photocopied intro to the text by the publication editor, North Randolph Historical Society, The Quarterly, Vol 2 No 2, June 1968, pages 45-50, Raleigh Archives.
- 4 Lyford Hale, From personal observation of her headstone in Back Creek Quaker Cemetery - 1998.
- 5 1900 U.S. Census - South Wichita, Lincoln, OK.
- 6 Back Creek MM, Randolph Co., NC, Hinshaw, Vol1, page 698.
- 7 See photocopied intro to the text by the publication editor, North Randolph Historical Society, The Quarterly, Vol 2 No 2, June 1968, pages 45-50, Raleigh Archives, Winter 70, Vol 4 No 4, page 156.
- 8 Back Creek MM, Randolph Co., NC, From Sarah's headstone 9-23-98.
- 9 Hale family sworn testimony to Dawes Commission, 1886, from National Archives, "Hale 1896, Case #2942."
- 10 Hinshaw, Encyl of American Quaker Genealogy, Vol 1, by Hinshaw, page 716.
- 11 Randolph Co Library Hale file.

---

### Sources (cont.)

- 12 North Carolina Marriage Bonds, 1741-1868. Ancestry.com, Image #003590. Shows the marriage bond was issued March 2, 1835. Bondsman: Michael Reding. Witness: Hugh McCain. Issued in Randolph Co.
- 13 From Harlan's headstone in Back Creek Cemetery, Observed by Lyford Hale on visit to NC, 1998.
- 14 Back Creek MM, Randolph Co., NC, From Harlan's Headstone 9-23-98.
- 15 Hale Family Notes; H. Mark Whitley.
- 16 Hinshaw's Encyc. of Early Amer. Quaker History, Vol 1.
- 17 Cranford Collection, Forsyth Co Public Library, Winston-Salem, NC, Will of Jesse Henley.
- 18 North Randolph Historical Society, The Quarterly.
- 19 Guilford College; Greensboro, North Carolina; North Carolina Yearly Meeting Minutes.
- 20 Hinshaw, Encyl of American Quaker Genealogy, Vol 1, by Hinshaw, Page 155.
- 21 Records, Births, Deaths, and Marriages, Vol 02, 1715-1866, Symons Creek MM, Pasquotank, NC, Page 79 - Symons Creek MM records marriage that took place in Little River Meeting House.
- 22 U.S. Encyclopedia of Amer quaker Genealogy Vol 1,, Pasquotank MM, page 155.
- 23 Hinshaw, Encyl of American Quaker Genealogy, Vol 1, by Hinshaw, P 784.
- 24 Encyclopedia of American Quaker Genealogy, Birthand Death Records, page 110.
- 25 See photocopied intro to the text by the publication editor, North Randolph Historical Society, The Quarterly, Vol 2 No 2, June 1968, pages 45-50, Raleigh Archives, Vol 2, No 2, June 1968, page 47.
- 26 Hinshaw, Encyl of American Quaker Genealogy, Vol 1, by Hinshaw.
- 27 Rosalind Balfour Askin, Elk Grove, CA Pedigree Chart, from Asheboro Public Library 9-98.
- 28 Hinshaw, Encyl of American Quaker Genealogy, Vol 1, by Hinshaw, P 700.
- 29 Hinshaw, Encyl of American Quaker Genealogy, Vol 1, by Hinshaw, P709.
- 30 Hinshaw, Encyl of American Quaker Genealogy, Vol 1, by Hinshaw, P472.
- 31 North Carolina Marriage Collection 1741-2004, Ancestry.com.
- 32 1850 US Census - Southern Division, Randolph, NC.
- 33 FTM on-line, Gerald Goss, 2-99.
- 34 Descendants of Patrick Henley, Clarice H. Mitchell, from the web.
- 35 Jerry F. Richmond, Downers Grove, Il, jrlichmon@sprynet.com, paid researcher.
- 36 Descendants of David Vestal Henley and Eleanor Lassitor of Randolph Co NC, by Eleanor P. Bell 1986.
- 37 North Randolph Historical Society, The Quarterly, Vol 2, No 2 June 1968.
- 38 Sons & Daughters of the Pilgrims, FTM Online, 2-99, 21.
- 39 Stephen Henly Bible notation.
- 40 C.H. Knox, A Brief History of John Henley, published in Vol 2, No 1 Spring 1993 From the Family Files.
- 41 Gordon Williams, Greensboro, NC.
- 42 Randolph Co, NC Genealogical Journal, Spring 1994.
- 43 Cranford Collection, Forsyth Co Public Library, Winston-Salem, NC, Will of Jesse Henley, spelling in will: Mellicant.
- 44 U.S. Encyclopedia of American Quaker Generalogy Vol 1, Back Creek MM, page 704.
- 45 Sons & Daughters of the Pilgrims, FTM Online, 2-99, p219.
- 46 Jesse Henly headstone, Henly/Work Cemetery.
- 47 Sons & Daughters of the Pilgrims, FTM Online, 2-99.
- 48 James Atkisson, Indianapolis, IN, from Ancestry.com 4-9-98. Jla1029@aol.com.
- 49 Stephen Henly Bible notation.
- 50 Stephen Henly Bible notation.
- 51 See photocopied intro to the text by the publication editor, North Randolph Historical Society, The Quarterly, Vol 2 No 2, June 1968, pages 45-50, Raleigh Archives, Vol 2 No 2, June 1968, pages 45-50.
- 52 U.S. quaker Meeting Records, 1681-1935, Perquimans MM, Perquimans, NC, Ancestry.com page 22 of 29.
- 53 U.S. Quaker Meeting Records, 1681-1935, Symons Creek MM, Paquotank, NC.

---

### Sources (cont.)

- 54 History of Perquimann Co, NC, by Winslow, Randolph Co Library.
- 55 Dgburt@pioneer.net, Dorothy C. Burt, 27321 Reese Creek Rd, Monroe OR 97456.
- 56 Among Ourselves: to a mother's memory being a life story of principally seven generations., Page 46 (25 of 93).
- 57 H. Mark Whitley, Santo10@aol.com.
- 58 Madeleine Henley, from the web.
- 59 Marian Goodwell, Barbara Griggs Collection, Randolph Co, Public Library.
- 60 North Carolina Will Abstracts 1660-1790, John Henley, Pasquotank Co, will date 21 Mar 1726. Probate date Jul 1728.
- 61 Asheboro Public Library, Hale files, Randolph Co. NC, lineage of Nancy Murray Hale.
- 62 Our Henley Grandfathers, by Marian Henley Goodwell, from Asheboro Public Library.
- 63 Descendants of David Vestal Henley and Eleanor Lassitor of Randolph Co NC, by Eleanor P. Bell 1986.
- 64 North Carolina Will Abstracts 1660-1790, John Henley, Pasquotank Co. Will date 3 Jun 1753. Probate date Apr 1754.
- 65 Hinshaw, Encyl of American Quaker Genealogy, Vol 1, by Hinshaw, P100.
- 66 Hinshaw, Encyl of American Quaker Genealogy, Vol 1, by Hinshaw, P 100.
- 67 Encyclopedia of American Quaker Genealogy, Vol 1, P119 Women's Minutes, Deep River MM, Guilford, NC.
- 68 Encyl of American Quaker Genealogy, Vol 6, by Hinshaw, Page 164.
- 69 Virginia Marriages to 1800, by Liahona Research 1991, P242. Marriage of Ann Crew to Joshua Pretlow, Henrico Co., VA.
- 70 US Encyclopedia of American Quaker Genealogy, Vol VI - Henrico MM.
- 71 Historical Southern Families Vol XIX\_38250441(1), Ancestry.
- 72 Virginia Vital Records #1 1600s-1800s, Virginia wills records, Sussex Co VA Will, Broader Buns Software, Book A, page 241 (inv).
- 73 U.S. Quaker Meeting Records, Women's Minutes, Symond Creek MM, Pasquotank, NC.
- 74 Encyclopedia of American Quaker Genealogy Vol 1 Supplement.
- 75 Hinshaw, Encyl of American Quaker Genealogy, Vol 1, by Hinshaw, P 90e.
- 76 Early Quaker Records in Virginia. Ancestry.com 4-9-1998, 12.